

Our Latest Publications on Building the New Paradigm of People and Planet

HIGHLIGHTS

Notes on Time is **Running Out to Avert** Irreversible Climate Catastrophe (Monthly Review **Editors**) — ...for the social transformations necessary to avert irreversible climate catastrophe, which require revolutionary scale transformational change in global social relations with the planet as a whole.



Notes on Time is Running Out





Is Population Crucial for Degrowth? (Álvaro I. de Regil) Population size is inextricably linked to the ideal of achieving a sustainable and dignified ethos for all living beings. Page 2



Is Population Crucial for Degrowth?





"Notes Exterminism" for the **Twenty-First-Century** and Peace Ecology Movements (John **Bellamy Foster**) Facing planetary ecological crisis, COVID-19, New Cold War, and current "empire of chaos"—all arising from the contemporary capitalist political economy. Page 3



Deforestation and World Population



Toward an Ecosocialist Degrowth: From the Materially Inevitable to the Socially Desirable (Alejandro Pedregal -Juan Bordera) It must be built on international alliances where the Global South takes centre stage to look with

future but, above all, to the present. Page 3

hope not just to the



Toward an Ecosocialist Degrowth

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NOTES ON TIME IS RUNNING OUT TO AVERT IRREVERSIBLE CLIMATE CATASTROPHE - ... for the social transformations necessary to avert irreversible climate catastrophe — Editors of Monthly Review -



Notes on Time is Running Out

for the social transformations necessary to avert irreversible climate catastrophe

The Editors of Monthly Review

inc is running out for the world to carry out the social transformations necessary to aver inswernible clerate catastrophe, keeping the increase in global average temperatures below 1.5°C (or below 2°C). The most optimistic scenario To ackieve this will require revolutionary scale transformational change in global social relations affecting the homan relation to the climate and the planetary environment as a whole.

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parrowly in which the increase is temperature will not fire to 1.5°C, until 24°C, by the end of this consup-free falling back to 1.4°C, by the end of this consup-field to achieve this will require resolutionary scale. The to achieve this will require resolutionary scale transferrational chapter in global social relations affecting the human relation to the climate and the pla invicement as a whole.

is was the clear message of the original dust by scientists of the most important climate change report to date: the triving Group II meant on Miligation of Climate Change of the IPCCS Such Assessment Report (ARS), without by 278 initials from sixty-five countries, and drawing on some 18,000 scientific studies. The scientific report was completed in

Time is running out for the world to carry out the social transformations necessary to avert irreversible climate catastrophe, keeping the increase in global average temperatures below 1.5°C (or below 2°C). The most optimistic scenario currently provided by the UN Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) describes a pathway in which the increase in temperature will not rise to 1.5°C until 2040, peaking at 1.6°C, and then falling back to 1.4°C by the end of this century. But to achieve this will require revolutionary scale transformational change in global social relations affecting the human relation to the climate and the planetary environment as a whole.

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IS POPULATION CRUCIAL FOR **DEGROWTH?** - Population size is inextricably linked to the ideal of achieving a sustainable and dignified ethos for all living beings. — Álvaro J. de Regil

The vision of most degrowth proponents is to gradually yet radically decrease energy consumption and all earth's resources until we reach a truly sustainable stationary/steady-state ethos. In such a state, the consumption levels by the planet's inhabitants would enable our "home" to replenish what we need to secure

and preserve dignified conditions in our existence, allowing all living things to reproduce and enjoy our lives sustainably. To succeed, humans need to embark on a degrowth transition that builds a radically different paradigm that replaces its exact opposite, capitalism.



Is Population Crucial for Degrowth?

Population size is inextricably linked to the ideal of achieving a sustainable and dignified ethos for all living beings

Álvaro J. de Regil

Introduction

to secure and preserve dignified cond sistence, allowing all living things to r region of all res



nedentingly. It assumes we live in a consucuptanthos, where all resources are regarded as a gift to humans from a supe

A safe and just transition to a sustainable paradigm, which I have called Geocratia ("Government by the Earth"), since my paper on the subject of 2020, can only succeed by drastically decreasing our ecological footprint, by decreasing our consumption of energy and CO2 emissions. This inevitably entails drastically reducing our consumption of the Earth's resources. To achieve this, we must not only replace the capitalistic system of sheer production/consumption but reduce the human population, tantamount to billions of people that capitalism utilises as billions of consumer units to fulfil its nature.

Most degrowth proponents tend to avoid the population factor, many afraid of being perceived as Malthusian, which is not the case. But in the context of a genuinely democratic ethos, we must incorporate population degrowth at the core of any degrowth imaginary, for we are the preeminent source of the unsustainable consumption of our planet. If people become conscientious of the existential danger we are facing, we hope that many will opt to embark on a transition that includes as a key driver in our trajectory the gradual degrowth of population. If the majority refuse, that will always be their right. In such a case, we will have to face the consequences of significantly reducing the chances of accomplishing a safe and just transition ecologically safe for all species and socially just for people, particularly in the Global South—to avoid the evident existential threat that we are facing.

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"NOTES ON EXTERMINISM" FOR THE TWENTY-FIRST-CENTURY ECOLOGY AND PEACE MOVEMENTS —

Bellamy Foster -



"Notes on Exterminism" for the Twenty-First-Century Ecology and Peace Movements

John Bellamy Foster

In 1980, the great English historian and Mansist theorist E. P. Thompson, author of The Naking of the English Working Class and leader of the European Nuclear Disamanent movement, wrote the pathbreaking essay "Notes on Beterminism, the Last Sage of Civiliastion." Although the world has undergone a number of significant changes ince, Thompson's essay remains a useful starting point in approaching the central contradictions of our times, characterised by the planetary exclogical crisis, COVID-19 pandemic, New Cold War, and current "empire of chave" — all arining from features deeply embedded in the contemporary capitalist political economy?





In 1980, the great English historian and Marxist theorist E. P. Thompson, author of The Making of the English Working Class and leader of the European Nuclear Disarmament movement, wrote the pathbreaking essay "Notes on Exterminism, the Last Stage of Civilisation." Although the world has undergone a number of significant changes since, Thompson's essay remains a useful starting point in approaching the central contradictions of our times, characterised by the planetary ecological crisis, COVID-19 pandemic, New Cold War, and current "empire of chaos"—all arising from features deeply embedded in the contemporary capitalist political economy.

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TOWARD AN ECO-SOCIALIST **DEGROWTH: FROM THE MATERIALLY** INEVITABLE TO THE SOCIALLY **DESIRABLE** — From the Materially Inevitable to the Socially Desirable -Alejandro Pedregal - Juan Bordera



Toward an Ecosocialist Degrowth

From the Materially Inevitable to the Socially Desirable

Alejandro Pedregal and Juan Bordera

We are facing today the most government and remarkable of all constructions that between what consociable late Angua of "registarly size" and "related with refer and "related with related and result, a series of interhender consignal and social circles have come tagether, posing evisional allowants to like on the plant. These are manifested as a bound line like the size of the framework of the consistency and an advantage between the Codal Nath and South. (2) government and association conscious framework is also demonstrated and frameworks is also demonstrated and frameworks in a fine demonstrate half and resources in a fine demonstrate half and resources in a fine demonstrate that the resources in a fine demonstrate that the resources in a fine demonstrate half and resources in a fine demonstrate that the resource is a fine demonstrated the resource in the resource is a fine demonstrated that the resource is a fine demonstrated the resource in the resource is a fine demonstrated the resource is a fine demonstrated the resource in the resource is a fine demonstrate breatening health emergencies and environmental fissiten; and (4) the multifaceted expressions of the



We are facing today the most pronounced and remarkable of all contradictions: that between what ecosocialist Ian Angus calls "capital's time" and "nature's time." As a result, a series of intertwined ecological and social crises have come together, posing existential threats to life on the planet. These are manifested at a human level in: (1) the increasing unequal ecological exchange between the Global North and South; (2) growing global socioeconomic inequalities;

(3) persistent and threatening health

emergencies and environmental disasters; and (4) the multifaceted expressions of the crisis of care. Everywhere, life, both human and nonhuman, is threatened, and the dangers of the imposition of capital's time on nature's time accelerate decade by decade at levels scarcely imaginable.

In the face of the current profound crises, social organisation and collective political action are necessary. We must activate the underlying links between climate action movements and the diverse needs and interests of those who bear the brunt of the unfolding crises. Repairing the unequal ecological An ecosocialist degrowth must be built on internationalist alliances where the periphery exchange between the Global North and Global South, between takes center stage. The political subjects and the powerful classes and the exploited and marginalised of the collectives in the North are called to humbly world, must be an inherent part of any struggle for climate assume the historical demands that the South justice. By recognising the link between the disproportionate has tirelessly and fairly made.emissions of the rich and the oppression of the poor, the core must assume that the looting of the periphery is constituent to the world's ecological disaster and confront it. Otherwise, as historian Vijay Prashad has stated, the climate justice movement "will have no legs." An ecosocialist degrowth must be built on internationalist alliances where the periphery takes center stage. The political subjects and collectives in the North are called to humbly assume the historical demands that the South has tirelessly and fairly made. Only then will we be able to look with hope not just to the future, but, above all, to the present.

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TRAJECTORIES OF THE EARTH SYSTEM IN THE ANTHROPOCENE — Will Steffen et al

Decisions made in the near future could influence the Earth System for tens or hundreds of thousands of years and lead to inhospitable conditions for humans and non-humans alike.

We explore the risk that self-reinforcing feedbacks could push the Earth System toward a planetary threshold that, if crossed, could prevent stabilisation of the climate at intermediate temperature rises and cause continued warming on a "Hothouse Earth" pathway even as human emissions are reduced. Crossing the threshold would lead to a much higher global average temperature than any interglacial in the past 1.2 million years and to sea levels significantly higher than at any time

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in the Holocene. We examine the evidence that such a threshold might exist and where it might be. If the threshold is crossed, the resulting trajectory would likely cause serious disruptions to ecosystems, society, and economies. Collective human action is required to steer the Earth System away from a potential threshold and stabilise it in a habitable interglacial-like state. Such action entails stewardship of the entire Earth System-biosphere, climate, and societies—and could include decarbonisation of the global economy, enhancement of biosphere carbon sinks, behavioural changes, technological innovations, new governance arrangements, and transformed social values.



Trajectories of the Earth System in the Anthropocene

Will Steffen, Johan Rockström, Katherine Richardson, Timothy M. Lenton, Carl Folke, Diana Liverman, Colin P. Summerhayes, Anthony D. Barnosky, Sarah E. Cornell, Michel Crucifix, Jonathan F. Donges, Ingo Fetzer, Steven J. Lade, Marten Scheffer, Ricarda Winkelmann and Hans Joachim Schellnhuber

W e-explore the risk that self-enforcing feedbacks could pash the Earth System toward a planetary threshold that, if crossed, could prevent stabil isation of the climate at interresolute temperature their and cases continued warming on Hothouse Earth" pathway even as human emissions re-reduced. Crossing the threshold would lead to a are notioned. Crossing the threshold would lead to much higher global average temperature than any interglacial in the past 1.2 million years and to sea leads significantly higher than at any time in the riskens. We examine the evidence that such a heshold might exist and where it might be. If the fireshold in significant and where it might be. If the fireshold is crossed, the resulting trajectory would are the second of the control of the control of the control of the fireshold is crossed, the resulting trajectory would be set to be a control of the control of the control of the fireshold is crossed, the resulting trajectory would the control of the control of the control of the control of the the control of the control of the control of the control of the the control of the control of the control of the control of the the control of the control of the control of the the control of the control of the control of the control of the the control of the control of the control of the the control of the control of the control of the the control of the control of the control of the the control of the control of the control of the control of the the control of the control of the control of the the control of the control of the control of the the control of the control of the control of the the control of the control of the control of the the control of the control of the the control of the control of the control of the the control of the control of the control of the the control of the control of the control of the the control of the



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DEFORESTATION AND WORLD POPULATION SUSTAINABILITY: A QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS — Mauro Bologna - Gerardo Aquino

In this paper we afford a quantitative analysis of the sustainability of current world population growth in relation to the parallel deforestation process adopting a statistical point of view. We consider a simplified model based on a stochastic growth process driven by a continuous time random walk, which depicts the technological evolution of human kind, in conjunction with a deterministic generalised logistic model for humans-forest interaction and we evaluate the probability of avoiding the selfdestruction of our civilisation. Based on the current resource consumption rates and best estimate of technological rate growth our study shows that we have very low probability, less



Deforestation and World Population Sustainability: a Quantitative Analysis

Mauro Bologna and Gerardo Aguino

In this paper we afford a quantitative analysis of the seasonability of current world postulation growth in relation to the parallel deliveration growth in relation to the parallel deliveration processes adjuging a statistical point of view. We consider a simplified model based on a schoolast growth process often by a continuous time surdien walk, which deplies the exchanding and evaluation of humanism, the, in complection with a determinative generalised logistic model for humanism forces interaction and we evaluate the packability of auto-finely the self-destruction of arc crisis from and the self-destruction of arc crisis and best of the current resource consumption ratios and best and being the self-description of our criminators, based on the current resource consumption raise and best estimate of self-mological raise growth our study shower that we have very low probability, less than 10% in meet optimistic estimate, to survive without facing a catastrophic collapse



Introduction

In the fact for decades, the debate on climate change has assumed global importance with consequences or national and global policies. Many factors due to human activity are considered as possible responsible of the observed changes; assung these water and air constraination investly generated select and discressions are the resetly called. While the caster of human contribution to the generation either and separation through securities to the discretization in an audoritable fact, todated before the development of human critications, our planet was covered by 60 million square kilometries of lower through selection of the contribution of the consequence of indiscrimination of the consequence of indiscriminate deforestation.

than 10% in most optimistic estimate, to survive without facing a catastrophic collapse.

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PROVIDING DECENT LIVING WITH MINIMUM ENERGY: A GLOBAL SCENARIO — Joel Millward-Hopkins, Julia K. Steinberger et al



Providing Decent Living With Minimum Energy: A Global Scenario

Joel Millward-Hopkins, Julia K.Steinberger, Narasimha D. Rao, Yannick Oswald

It is increasingly clear that averling ecological breakdown will require drastic changes to consemponry human society and the global economy embedded within 1.0 on the other hand, the basic matteral needs of billions of people across the planet remain a unent. He will find that global final energy consumption in 2050 could be reduced to the levels of the 1960, a simple, sould a world requires a massive rollout of advances and the constraint of the 1960 of th





It is increasingly clear that averting ecological breakdown will require drastic changes to contemporary human society and the global economy embedded within it. On the other

hand, the basic material needs of billions of people across the planet remain unmet. Here, we develop a simple, bottom-up model to estimate a practical minimal threshold for the final energy consumption required to provide decent material livings to the entire global population. We find that global final energy consumption in 2050 could be reduced to the levels of the 1960s, despite a population three times larger. However, such a world requires a massive rollout of advanced technologies across all sectors, as well as radical demand-side changes to reduce consumption - regardless of income - to levels of sufficiency. Sufficiency is, however, far more materially generous in our model than what those opposed to strong reductions in consumption often assume.

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ITUANGO DAM: AN APOLOGY FOR **NECROPOLITICS IN THE PRIVATISATION** OF THE CAUCA RIVER IN COLOMBIA -

Fallacies of hydroelectric power as clean energy of extractivist capitalism in the Global South — Nubia Barrera Silva



Ituango Dam: an Apology for Necropolitics in the Privatisation of the Cauca River in Colombia

Fallacies of hydroelectric power as clean energy of extractivist capitalism in the Global South

Nubia Barrera Silva

Introduction

n Colombia, 28 dams have been built with an approximate production of 10,974 MW of electricity. As of 2019, 8 main reservoirs dedicated to drinking water supply and four main reservoirs with irrigation functions had been built. 68% of the energy supply came from hydroelectric power plants with 11.834,57 megawatts (MW).



power plants with 11.334.57 megawatis MW).
Adding other types of energy generation, it reaches
17.319.59 MW (including thermal and wind energy,
as well as auto generators and co-generators),
representing an installed energy capacity of 346 W
inhabitant in Colonia. Hence, hydroclectricity
supplies about 16% of global electricity demand,
suppassing solar and wind power. On the other
hand, the World Commission on Dams operated
973 dams of different sizes in theiran America alone
up to the year 2000. Additionally, there were 1.600 in the process of planning or construction and 254 new
construction in the Amzona Bain. America and
international organisations in promoting and financing actions in the countries of the global South. Although clean
energy miligates the Cimitar crisis, the opposite is true, given the great difficulties and conflicts that I expose in this
paper under the construction of the Ituango Hydroelectric Project (IB IP) in the Cauca River carryon.²

The magnitude of the ecological and environmental impacts due to the effects of the hydroelectric project is of such a magnitude that emptying the canyon of the tropical dry forests with their vegetation and ecosystems produced an escalation of inconceivable ruptures in the socio-cultural systems with repercussions on the physical and mental health of its inhabitants. . The result is dramatically reflected in the necropolitics led by politicians and landowning business people with private and state armies, a distinctive feature of the big land grabbers in Colombia. What is happening now is the

complete overflow of irresponsibility, improvisation, and arrogance with which these people continue to manage the course of our social imbalance. The transfer of public property has the acquiescence and direct intervention of large local companies through legally constituted institutions, strengthened by militarisation with legal troops and parastatal complements.

Beyond the borders of this world of intimacy, familiar, immediate experience, repetition, calculation, and individual mastery, another world begins, which is the exact opposite of everyday life... If the link with the land is unexpectedly broken, everyday life, one of the greatest capitals of subjectivities of the good life, vanishes. The solutions to this project's crisis proposes the technical and controlled dismantling of the dam in steps or stages, which is more economical and, above all, avoids loss of life and economic losses... Without completely demolishing the wall, reopen the Cauca river to its natural course/level and the ancestral route. The dam must be dismantled in the context of the recovery of the Cauca river, the Nutabe-campesino territory and the rest of the populations that have lived for centuries on the banks of the Cauca river until it flows into the Magdalena River.

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NATURE AS Α MODE ACCUMULATION - Capitalism and the Financialisation of the Earth — John **Bellamy Foster**



Nature as a Mode of Accumulation

Capitalism and the Financialisation of the Earth

John Bellamy Foster

he expropriation of the commons, its simplification, division, violent seizure, and transformation into private property constituted the fundamental precondition for the historical origin of industrial capitalism. What Karl Marx referred to as original expropriation of the commons in and and in much of the world (often involving

The first references to "natural capital" and to the "earth's capital stock" arose in this same period in the work of radical and socialist political economists, who sought to defend nature and the commons against the intrusions of the market.



xpropriation of the labourers themselves in us forms of slavery and forced labour) generated

entrations in wealth and power that propelled the late eighte on.1 In the process, the entire human relation to nature was a

The expropriation of the commons, its simplification, division, violent seizure, and transformation into private property constituted the fundamental precondition for the historical origin of industrial capitalism. What Karl Marx referred to as the original expropriation of the commons in England and in much of the world (often involving the expropriation of the labourers themselves in various forms of slavery and forced labour) generated the concentrations in wealth and power that propelled the late eighteenth- and early nineteenth-century Industrial Revolution. In the process, the entire human relation to nature was alienated and upended. As Karl Polanyi wrote in The Great Transformation, "What we call land is an element of nature inextricably interwoven with man's institutions. To isolate it and form a market for it was perhaps the weirdest of all the undertakings of our ancestors.

In order to develop a critical analysis of the current capitalist expropriation of world ecology, it is necessary to explore the concept of natural capital in the work of Marx and other early radical critics within classical political economy. It will then be possible to contrast this to current approaches in neoclassical economics, which views natural capital in purely exchange-value terms, offering this as a solution to the environmental problem. If, in Marx's analysis, the human economy existed within what he called "the universal metabolism of nature," in today's dominant neoclassical economics, according to Dieter Helm, Chairman of the UK Natural Capital Committee, "the environment is part of the economy and needs to be properly integrated into it so that growth opportunities will not be missed. Integrating the environment into the economy is hampered by the almost complete absence of proper accounting for natural assets." Here, the whole of the Earth System is conceived as a largely unincorporated "part" of the capitalist economy. In Helm's conception, the capitalist economy faces no outer boundaries but is capable of subsuming all of nature, which then simply becomes part of the overall capitalist system.

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THE PRESENT IN HISTORY, 2021 -William K. Tabb

In The Eighteenth Brumaire of Louis Napoleon, Karl Marx observed that class struggle can create circumstances and relationships that make "it possible for a grotesque mediocrity to play a hero's part." Donald Trump can be viewed as one such grotesque mediocrity, inflated to "heroic" proportions by his reactionary followers. Unwilling to accept defeat, Trump attempted to seize power after losing the 2020 presidential election. His claim that victory was stolen from him by massive fraud, and his effort to encourage states under

Republican control and his vice president to give him the office—all possible within the formal rules—set an ominous roadmap for Republican strategy in 2024.



The Present in History, 2021

William K. Tabb

In The Eighteenth Brumaire of Louis Stapple can create circumstances and relationships place can create circumstances and relationships place and the control of the contro



Even before Trump's inauguration, he tested positive for all four measures of the Ilman test for autocrast, as outlined by Seven Levids's and Daniel Ziblat in Mov Democracies Di. The measures are: (1) a readinest to custal the civil liberties of opponents, including the media; (2) weak commitment to democratic principles, indicated in Trump's case by this operations; of the authenticity of the electroal process and his unprecedented suggestion that he might not accept the results of the 2015 electron; (3) the definial of the (splitmacy of one's opponents; and (4) the toleration or encouragement of violence (they reference the Blackheist in all say and the Bownshiris in Germany in the early days of fascist takeovers). "Authoritarian politicians," Levidsky and Ziblatt write, "cast their rivals as criminals, subversive, unpatriotic, or a threat to national security or the existing way of life." This was seen in Trump's charges that Barack

SGA/Essay/SD (E107) June 2022/William K. Tabb

The job of socialists is to engage with public policy from a class perspective, informed by a Marxist understanding of contemporary capitalism, not to reform it, but to abolish it. There is support for the kind of non-reformist reforms that are needed. The Democratic Party of necessity has moved left. It is the job of the left to push it further in ways that reveal the contradictions of capitalism as a system, most importantly explaining all that must change for a Green New Deal to succeed and make the planet safe for all living things. The change required is beyond capitalism. This suggests, as Noam Chomsky does, that "Marx's old mole is right beneath the surface. If there's an opportunity to think about it, to recognise the possibility that you don't have to be subject to a master, you can run your own life, you can run your own enterprises, that keeps coming very close to the surface." The old mole of revolution is coming "very close to the surface," in a world where capitalist crises have become more frequent and the system has lost legitimacy in the eyes of so many, in which the center does not hold, and socialism or barbarism becomes a realistic choice.

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EPIDEMICS, PANDEMICS, ENDEMICS –

Tackling them must be a public service not subject to the laws of the market and capitalist profit — Alejandro Teitelbaum



Epidemics, Pandemics, Endemics

Tackling them must be a public service not subject to the laws of the market and capitalist profit

Alejandro Teitelbaum

pidemics, pandemics and endemics are major health problems and to contact them effectively requires on only the immediate measures that knowledge and experience indicate are most appropriate but also a comprehensive approach in its many closely internelated aspects, including biological, editorical research past experience and future prospects for improved prevention, statistical analysis, the study of economic, ecological, social and cultural conditions of the procedule preventive adaptation of health personnel and hospital infrastructures.



- Epidemic outbreak: A classification used in
- Episomis outprices. A classification lost of III. The his heard base to base opposition logs by offer to the sudden appearance of an infectious disease in a specific place at one particular time.
 Epidemic A disease that preads apply and actively so that the number of cases increases significantly, although i remains in a specific geographical area, is classified as an epidemic.
 Plademic A disease that affects more than one continent, with cases from each country being imported and
- transmitted tocally.

 Endemic: The constant presence of a disease in a geographical area or population group, although it can also refer to a high chronic prevalence of a disease in that area or group. For this, two criteria must be met simultaneously; the permanence of the disease over time and the involvement of a clearly defined region or population group.

he enormous speed with which the Omicron variant is spreading on a global scale brings the issue of the so-called suspension of patents back into the spotlight to make vaccines available to the inhabitants of poor countries who have received them at a rate ten to twenty times lower than the population of rich countries. Seven million people need food aid to live, i.e. 10% of the French population, and 4 million more are vulnerable because of the crisis. This has been made possible by the policies, more or less nuanced, of the governments of the major powers and the leaders of several international organisations (European Commission and others), who have acted in concert with Big Pharma, forming a kind of illicit association or planetary mafia. In addition, vaccine manufacturers are guaranteed that much of the agreements will not be disclosed, as well as retaining intellectual property rights over the vaccines and leeway on delivery dates and prices.

Many people and institutions have been fighting for decades for inventions and discoveries aimed at improving the quality of life, in particular the health of human beings, to be recognised as the common heritage of humanity. But Big Capital, with its criminal activity for the exclusive benefit of large shareholders and with the complicity of the rulers of the major powers and other people and institutions that are faithful servants of the ruling system, continues to devastate the planet and cause the death of millions of people. They try to cover up their criminal behaviour by sending tiny quantities of vaccines to poor countries, including unserviceable consignments. They must be forced to stop profiting from selling vaccines and other medicines, which must be brought into the public domain, as must the technologies for their manufacture.

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THE PROBLEMATIC ROLE OF MATERIALISTIC VALUES IN THE PURSUIT OF SUSTAINABLE WELL-BEING — Amy

Isham et al



The Problematic Role of Materialistic Values in the Pursuit of Sustainable Well-Being

Amy Isham, Caroline Verfuerth, Alison Armstrong, Patrick Elf, Birgitta Gatersleben and Tim Jackson

Abstract

ADSITUTE.

Strong materialistic values help to maintain consumer capitalism, but they can have consumer capitalism, but they can have for social equity and for environmental sustainability. In this paper, we add to the existing literature on the advence consequences of materialistic values by highly fairing their negative association with consequencent in attitudes and actions that support the achievement of sustainable well-being. In do this, we explore the links between materialistic values and attitudes towards sufficiency iconsuming "just enough?" as well as initialistic value or enough?" as well as initialistic value or enough? as well as initialistic value or enough? as well as initialistics of configuration of the consequence of the cons and attitudes towards sufficiency (consuming "just enough") as well a mindfulness (non-t/ughneral) awareness of the present moment and flow total awareness of the present moment and flow total immersion in an activity), which have all been linked to increased well-being and more sustainable behaviours. We present results from the correlational studies that examine the associational studies that examine the association of the correlation of the control of the control



behaviour. Secret results from the secret results from the secret results from the secret results and self-ciency attitudes (Study 1, n = 310.a, mill-sceed measure or immine association between materialistic values and sufficiency attitudes (Study 3, n = 130.a, mill-sceed measure or imminest results (Study 3, n = 1, n = 460) and the tendency to experience flow. (Study 3, n = 1, n = 460) and the tendency to experience flow. (Study 3, n = 1, n = 460) and the tendency to experience flow. (Study 3, n = 1, n = 460) and the tendency to experience flow. (Study 3, n = 1, n = 460) and the tendency to experience flow. (Study 3, n = 1, n = 460) and the tendency to experience flow. (Study 3, n = 1, n = 460) and the tendency to experience flow. (Study 3, n = 1, n = 460) and the tendency to experience flow. (Study 3, n = 1, n = 460) and the tendency to experience flow. (Study 3, n = 1, n = 460) and the tendency to experience flow. (Study 3, n = 1, n = 460) and the tendency to experience flow. (Study 3, n = 1, n = 460) and the tendency to experience flow. (Study 3, n = 1, n = 460) and the tendency to experience flow. (Study 3, n = 1, n = 460) and the tendency to experience flow. (Study 3, n = 1, n = 460) and the tendency to experience flow. (Study 3, n = 1, n = 460) and the tendency to experience flow. (Study 3, n = 460) and the tendency to experience flow. (Study 3, n = 460) and the tendency to experience flow. (Study 3, n = 460) and the tendency to experience flow. (Study 3, n = 460) and the tendency to experience flow. (Study 3, n = 460) and the tendency to experience flow. (Study 3, n = 460) and the tendency to experience flow. (Study 3, n = 460) and the tendency to experience flow. (Study 3, n = 460) and the tendency to experience flow. (Study 3, n = 460) and the tendency to experience flow. (Study 3, n = 460) and the tendency to experience flow. (Study 3, n = 460) and the tendency to experience flow. (Study 3, n = 460) and the tendency to experience flow. (Study 3, n = 460) and the tendency to experience flow. (Study 3,

Strong materialistic values help to maintain consumer capitalism, but they can have negative consequences for individual wellbeing, for social equity and for environmental sustainability. In this paper, we add to the existing literature on the adverse consequences of materialistic values by highlighting their negative association with engagement in attitudes and actions that support the achievement of sustainable well-being. To do this, we explore the links between materialistic values and attitudes towards sufficiency (consuming "just enough") as well as mindfulness (non-judgmental awareness of the present moment) and flow (total immersion in an activity), which have all been linked to increased well-being and more sustainable behaviours. We present results from three correlational studies that examine the association between materialistic values and sufficiency attitudes (Study 1, n = 310), a multifaceted measure of mindfulness (Study 2, n = 468) and the tendency to experience flow (Study 3, n = 2000). Results show that materialistic values were negatively associated

with sufficiency attitudes, mindfulness, and flow experiences. We conclude with practical considerations and suggest next steps for tackling the problematic aspects of materialism and encouraging the development of sustainable well-being.

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THE DEFENCE OF NATURE: RESISTING THE FINANCIALISATION OF THE EARTH

— John Bellamy Foster



The Defence of Nature: Resisting the Financialisation of the Earth

John Bellamy Foster

On October 28, 2021, political leaders in the Malaysian state of Sabah on the island of Borneo signed an agreement with the Singapow shell company Hoto Shadarda, without the knowledge of Indigenous communities, giving the company tiels to the management and marketing of "natural capital/coxystem services" on two million contacts of a force processor for case a burdent by company title to the management and marketing of mintale capitalizeopsite misrcises" on the million hictates of a forest ecosystem for one hundred to two hundred system, Athough the full nature of the agreement has not been disclosed, journalistic investigations and a laware titled by Adrian Lasimbang, an indigeneous leader in Mallaysian Clarence, have revealed that the Nature Connevosition Agreement allowed Fisch Standard—a holding, company with two offices and a paside up optial provided by shartheloiden of a more \$1,000 U.S. or offices and paside company with two others and a paside up optial provided by shartheloiden of a more \$1,000 U.S. or offices and paside company with two others and a paside up to the company with two others and paside up to the company with two others and paside up to paside long the standard control with the matural capital in shalln's forest ecosystem evicus, out as autor provisioning Cannon sequentation, sustainable forests; and biodicests; conservation, over the next certural, was estimated at some \$80 billion to Hock Standard could sell fairs gives to the natural capital in shalln's forest ecosystem servicus, out as autor provisioning of conservations. The control of the Standard could sell fair plays to the natural capital in the Salsh powemment could not withden Standard could sell fair fights to the natural capital in the Salsh forests to other in Singaporen Ho Chon Hoo, who allegedly misepresented himself as director of the standard could sell fair the Salsh powemment could not withden the standard of the standard could sell fair the Salsh government could not withden the standard could sell fair the Salsh government could not withden the standard to the salsh government could not withden the standard could sell fair the Salsh government could not withden the standard to the salsh government could not withden the standard could sell to the salsh government could not withden the standard to the salsh government could not withden the salsh government could not withden the salsh



Sabah Forest to other investors without government consented himself as director of Hoch Standard (he was not listed

In 2016, more than fifty multinationals came together to design a framework for monetising the global ecology, using fabricated shadow pricing systems based on the capitalist market system. The report highlighted the enormous opportunities for debt "leverage" represented by "emerging natural capital markets, such as water quality trading, wetland and endangered species banking, and natural carbon sequestration." Consequently, it was imperative to "put a price on the value of nature" or, put another way, "a monetary value on what nature does for...business." The future of the capitalist economy lies in ensuring that the market pays "for ecosystem services that were previously free," which could generate new economic value for companies capable of converting natural capital securities into financial assets.

Water as a [natural] asset class will eventually become the most important physical commodity-based asset class, eclipsing oil, copper, agricultural commodities, and precious metals." In this perspective, the world's freshwater sources, which represent one of the planetary boundaries designated by natural science, will be monopolised as natural capital

6 of 19

by relatively few companies that will be able to charge market rents for ecosystem services.

Plans for expropriation and accumulation of natural capital by global finance are today directed primarily at the Global South... Indigenous territories cover about 24% of the earth's surface and "contain 80% of the earth's remaining healthy ecosystems and global biodiversity priority areas," making them prime targets for expropriation and conversion into marketable natural capital.

The final result, however, is to impose a system geared to economic growth and debt expansion on natural systems, which are physically limited, and where the crucial conditions are those of reproduction and sustainability. In reality, what is meant is the leveraging of the credit/debt system worldwide through the financialiation of land, with the expropriation of indigenous lands as the basis.

In the face of increasing resource scarcity and the relentless drive for natural capital, indigenous and smallholders struggle to defend their lives, their communities and their lands. In all these struggles and many others, the goal is ultimately sustainable human development, necessarily coupled with resistance to capitalism, racism, colonialism, imperialism and ecological devastation...Underlying this is the recognition that an exploitative system that places its faith in "the fetish character of capital" at the expense of all human existence and life on the planet can only lead, if unchecked, to ultimate catastrophe.

"The coming global ecological revolution" means "returning to our humanity and to our origins as good relatives" of the earth. It means rationally regulating the metabolism of human society with the universal nature of which we are an inseparable part.

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POPULATION AND THE GREAT **TRANSITION** — *lan Lowe*

4.....

Addressing global environmental challenges from biodiversity loss to climate change—can often feel like running up a down escalator: maintaining our position counts as progress, and more often than not, we are falling behind. Apart from the success of stopping depletion of the ozone layer, all other global environmental problems have been getting worse. This intractability will continue unless we address a significant, yet under acknowledged, driver of environmental degradation, namely, the size and growth of the human population. The global population has doubled over the past fifty years, from 3.8 billion in 1972 to more than 7.7 billion today, and, according to UN projections, it could reach 11 billion-triple what it was in 1972—by the end of end of the century.

If we are serious about achieving a Great Transition, we must discuss this elephant in the room. Unless we adopt just and effective approaches to stabilising the global population and its demands on natural resources, it will be impossible to achieve changes at the scale necessary for a civilised future.



Population and the Great Transition

-Opening Essay for a GTI Forum

lan Lowe

A diressing global environmental challenges—from biodiversity loss to climate charge—can often feel like running up a down escalator maintaining our position courts as progress, and more often than nod, we are fallight behind. Apart from the success of stopping depletion of the course layer, all other global environmental problems have been getting ownset. This intractability will continue unless we address a significant, yet under acknowledged, driver of environmental degradation, namely, the size and growth of the human population. The global population has 2 officially size of the problems of the properties of the problems of t

If we are serious about achieving a Great Transition, we must discuss this elephant in the room. Unless we adopt just and effective approaches to stabilising the global population and its demands on natural resources, it will be impossible to achieve changes at the scale necessity for a civilise future. The reason is encapsulated in the master equation for assessing human impact to the environment: I = PAT, with human impact the product of P population, Aillurence, and I technology Efforts to temper economic growth and reduce consumers in among the rich AI and deploy more efficient and less resource-intensive technologies (I) will be offset by increases in population (P).



This claim comes from the World Scientists Second Warning to Humanity, signed by more than 14,0 fold Scientists' Warning to Humanity: A Second Notice." Biosciencesm 67, no. 12 (2017): 1026-1028

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NOTES ON UKRAINE (LATE MARCH 2022) — The Editors of Monthly Review

In light of the current events in Ukraine we have decided to make the Notes From the Editors of Monthly Review immediately available

As we write these notes in late March 2022, the war in Ukraine continues to escalate, threatening to mutate instantaneously into a global thermonuclear war, which would result in the extermination of virtually the entire population of the earth.

To get a firm grasp on the current situation in Ukraine, we must understand the central role that the United States and NATO have played in the conflict from the start, beginning in 2014 with the U.S.-engineered Maidan coup. This was followed by the breaking apart of Ukraine, during which the Russian-speaking Crimea was incorporated into Russia after obtaining the population's support in a referendum, while a civil war emerged between Kyiv, supported by the United States, and the breakaway republics in Russian-speaking Donbass in the eastern part of Ukraine, supported by Russia. Following eight years of civil war-which was again escalating in late 2021 and early 2022, with massive increases in military support and training from the United States and continued attacks by Kyiv on Donbass, in violation of the 2014 Minsk agreements-Russia entered directly into the civil war, transforming it into a full-scale war, with further horrendous results. This brought to the fore the reality that what was being played out in Ukraine was not simply a civil war between Kyiv and Donbass, which has set the stage, but rather a much larger proxy war between the United States/NATO and Russia, which has been developing for decades and lies at the root of the conflict.



Notes on Ukraine (late March 2022)

In light of the current events in Ukraine we have decided to make the Notes From the Editors for the May 2022 issue of Monthly Review immediately available. - Eds

The Editors of Monthly Review

As we write these notes in late March 2022, the war in Ukraine continues to escalate, threatening to mutate instantaneously into a global threatening to mutate instantaneously into a global memoraneously with would result in the extermination of virtually the entire population of the earth. The nature of the current nuclear war threat and how it has reemerged in our time is the subject of the Review of Morthi by John Bellamy Foster in this issue, titled "Notes on Exterminism" for the Twenty-Lieft-Centure Footone and Boar in the Note of the Twenty-Lieft-Centure Footone and Boar in the Note of the Note of Note of Note on Propose and Boar in the Note of Note of Note on Note of Note of Note on Note on Note of Note of Note of Note on Note of Note of Note on Note on Note of Not for the Twenty-First-Century Ecology and Peace

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SUSTAINABILITY AND METABOLIC REVOLUTION IN THE WORKS OF HENRI LEFEBVRE — Brian M. Napoletano et al

4------

Humanity's present social-ecological metabolic configuration is not sustainable, and the need for a radical transformation of society to address its metabolic rifts with the rest of nature is increasingly apparent. The work of French Marxist Henri Lefebvre, one of the few thinkers to recognise the significance of Karl Marx's theory of metabolic rift prior to its rediscovery at the end of the twentieth century, offers valuable insight into contemporary issues of sustainability. His concepts of the urban revolution, autogestión, the critique of everyday life, and total (or metabolic) revolution all relate directly to the key concerns of sustainability. Lefebvre's work embodies a vision of radical social-ecological transformation aimed at sustainable human development, in which the human metabolic interchange with the rest of nature is to be placed under substantively rational and cooperative control by all its

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members, enriching everyday life. Other critical aspects of Lefebvre's work, such as his famous concept of the production of space, his temporal rhythm analysis, and his notion of the right to the city, all point to the existence of an open-ended research program directed at the core issues of sustainability in the twenty-first century.



Sustainability and Metabolic Revolution in the Works of Henri Lefebvre

Brian M. Napoletano, Brett Clark, John Bellamy Foster and Pedro S. Urquijo

Abstract

Hamiltonia was a state of the control of the contro life. Other critical aspects of Lefebvre's work, such as his famous concept of the production of space, his temporal *rhythmanalysis*, and his notion of A general consensus exists that, whatever the meaning of sustainability is, our current social-coological metabolic configuration is not consistent with it.



the core issues of sustainability in the twenty-first cer

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BILLIONAIRE SPACE RACE: THE ULTIMATE SYMBOL OF CAPITALISM'S FLAWED OBSESSION WITH GROWTH

4-----

— Tim Jackson

Ever since 1972, when a team of MIT scientists published a massively influential report on the Limits to Growth, economists have been fighting about whether it's possible for the economy to expand forever. Those who believe it can, appeal to the power of technology to "decouple" economic activity from its effects on the planet. Those (like me) who believe it can't point to the limited evidence for decoupling at anything like the pace that's needed to avoid a climate emergency or prevent a catastrophic decline in biodiversity.

The growth debate often hangs on the power you attribute to technology to save us. Usually it's the technophiles arguing for infinite growth on a finite planet - sometimes putting their hopes in speculative technologies such as direct air capture or dangerous ones like nuclear power. And usually it's the sceptics arguing for a post-growth economy. But the simple division between technophiles and technophobes has never been particularly helpful. Very few growth

sceptics reject technology completely. No one at all is asking humanity to return to the cave.



Billionaire Space Race: the ultimate symbol of capitalism's flawed obsession with growth

Tim Jackson

ars ain't the kind of place to raise your kids, laments the Rocket Man in Elton John's timeless classic. In fact, it's cold as hell. But that doesn't seem to worry a new generation of space entrepreneur intent on colonising the "final frontier" as fast as possible.

Don't get me wrong. I'm no sullen technophobe. As lockdown projects go, Nasa's landing of the Perseverance rover on the surface of the red planet carlier this year was held of a blast. Vadtating it reminded me that tonce led a high school debate defending the motion: this house believes that humanity should reach for the stars.



It must have been around the time that Caspar Weinberger was trying to presuade President Nixon not to cancel the Apollo space programme. My brothers and I had washed the monochromer trimph of the <u>Apollo II I Inading</u> and/si 1995. Whe'd winessed the near diseaster of <u>Apollo II I I I Immediated in a 1995 Holymore of Illim when I In I novell playe</u> by Join Tataksi and two rockles automate narrowly escaped with their these by using the Lurar Module as an emergency life rati. We know who see cesting up them.

remember later going to see Apollo 13 (the film) with a friend who wasn't born when the mission itself took pla What did you think?" I asked as we came out of the cinema. "It was OK," said my friend. "Just not very believal

My own research teams at the University of Surrey have been exploring the vital role of sustainable technology in transforming the economy for almost three decades now. But we've also shown how the dynamics of capitalism – in particular its relentless pursuit of productivity growth - continually push society towards materialistic goals, and undermine those parts of the economy such as care, craft and creativity, which are essential to our quality of life.

And now suddenly, along comes a group of self-confessed technology lovers finally admitting that the planet is too small for us. Yes, you were right, they imply: the Earth cannot sustain infinite growth. That's why we have to expand into space. Wait. What just happened? Did somebody move the goalposts? Something is wrong. Maybe it's me. One thing I know for sure. I'm no longer the same kid I was – the one from the debating society. This house believes that humanity should grow the fuck up.

Before it spends trillions of dollars littering its techno-junk around the solar system, this house believes that humanity should pay a little more attention to what's happening right here and now. On this planet.

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4.....

THE CONDITION OF WOMEN — Mirta Sofía Brey de Teitelbaum



The Condition of Women

Mirta Libertad Sofía Brey de Teitelbaum

he question of the legalisation - or decriminalisation - of voluntary abortio decriminalisation - of voluntary abortio has a social aspect that determines an important difference between women in the middle and upper-income classes and poor women. When abortion is prohibited, middle— and upper-class women have sufficient resources to secure quali nedical care at home or abroad. In contrast, poo women have to do unskilled and sometimes women have a bounsaired and sometimes unhealthy tasks, resulting in high mortality rates. Such maternal mortality rates provide one of the most glaring evidence of the particularly disadvantageous situation of poor women.



the risk of dying from causes related to pregnancy or Taking all factors into account, the risk of dying from causes related to pregnancy or childbirth is at least 40 times higher in poor countries than in all glient countries, and up to 150 times higher in the poorest countries than in all glient countries, and up to 150 times higher in the poorest countries than in all glient countries, and up to 150 times higher in the poorest countries. As 2016 document from the World Health Organization to 150 times higher in the poorest countries. As only up to 150 times higher in the poorest countries and up to 150 times higher in the poorest countries. As only the countries higher in the poorest countries complications related to pregnancy or childbirth. Virtually all of these deaths occur in forwincome countries, and most of them could have been prevented. . The high number of material edush is none past of the world reflects inequalities in a cases to health services and highlights the differences between rich and poor. Almost all (1994) material deaths occur in developing countries in 2015 was 239 tin fagle settings and humanitarian crisis contests. The maternal mortality ratio in developing countries in 2015 was 239

he Condition of women in the second decade of the twenty-first century remains precarious in all spheres of life. From their right to choose an abortion or their right to maternity leave from their place of work to equal pay for work of equal value with respect to men or their access to many positions and responsibilities in the echelons of the private sector or as public servants, women remain systematically discriminated by a system designed to grant men permanent privileges and make women subservient to their interests and power, as it has been the case throughout history. This paper discusses the persistent precarious situation of women in the world of work, addressing many critically important issues, such as sexual harassment, labour compensation and labour legislation. The outlook is that women continue to be deliberately discriminated against, both legally and in customary employment practices.

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SOCIALISM AND ECOLOGICAL SURVIVAL: AN INTRODUCTION — John

Bellamy Foster and Brett Clark

The issue of survival can be put into the form of a fairly rigorous question: Are present ecological stresses so strong that—if not relieved—they will sufficiently degrade the ecosystem to make the earth uninhabitable by man? If the answer is yes, then human survival is indeed at stake in the environmental crisis. Obviously no serious discussion of the environmental crisis can get very far without confronting this question.

-Barry Commoner, The Closing Circle (1971)



Socialism and Ecological Survival: An Introduction

The issue of survival can be put into the form of a fairly rigorous question: Are present ecological stresses so strong that—if not releved—they will sufficiently degaade the ecosystem to make the earth uninhabitable by man't if the answer is yes, then human survival is indeed at stake in the environmental crisis. Obviously no serious discussion of the environmental crisis can get very far without confronting this question.

John Bellamy Foster and Brett Clark

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Nevertheless, while it is still possible to avoid irreversible climate change through a massive transformation in the mode of production, it is no longer feasible to circumvent accelerating environmental disasters in the present century on a scale never



Capitalism has brought the world to the edge of the abyss. We are rapidly approaching a planetary tipping point in the form of a climate Armageddon, threatening to make the earth unliveable for the human species, as well as innumerable other species. Such an absolute catastrophe for civilisation and the human species as a whole is still avoidable with a revolutionary-scale reconstitution of the current system of production, consumption, and energy usage, though the time in which to act is rapidly running out.

Nevertheless, while it is still possible to avoid irreversible climate change through a massive transformation in the mode of production, it is no longer feasible to circumvent accelerating environmental disasters in the present century on a scale never seen before in human history. endangering the lives and living conditions of billions of people. Humanity, therefore, is facing issues of ecological survival on two levels: (1) a still reversible but rapidly worsening Earth System crisis, threatening to undermine civilisation as a whole and make the planet uninhabitable for the human species, and (2) accelerating extreme weather and other ecological disasters associated with climate change that are now unavoidable in the coming decades, affecting localities and regions throughout the globe. Social mobilisation and radical social change are required if devastating near-term costs to people and communities, falling especially on the most vulnerable, are to be prevented.

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DEGROWTH IS ABOUT GLOBAL JUSTICE — Jason Hickel



Degrowth Is About Global Justice

Jason Hickel

ampaigners for degrowth have thrown in question the dogma that holds that a geconomy is always a sign of progress. Ir, anthropologist Jason Hickel argues that the can steer the world away from its ing ecological crisis. We sat down with his new book and ask what degrowth we regulating house the Clinia State of the Clinia Sta

Green cumpant journal (USE): One or me most compelling citiques of is that it is an idea for comf Westerners with little relevance for the Global South Less is More takes a different view, arguing that degrowth is about global justice and decolonisation. Could you explain?



An interview.

soon Hickel UH: Who's driving the ecological crisis! It is overwhelmingly the rich countries of the Clobal North: the Inited Stars, Canada, Europe, Icenal, Australia, New Zealand and Ippan. These countries are collectively responsible: The ecological crisis is being driven or writediningly by rich countries using too many resources and too much energy.

2. per cent of ecoses missions. Prohe we colonied the intemphere commons for there one newhment. Meanwhile the intemphere commons for their own new them. The proposition for only 8 per cent, and that's from just a small number countries. Most commons in the Clobal South—all of the Assach Assach and a small number contributed northing to the climate crisis.

Campaigners for degrowth have thrown into question the dogma that holds that a growing economy is always a sign of progress. In Less is More, anthropologist Jason Hickel argues that only degrowth can steer the world away from its worsening ecological crisis. We sat down with him to discuss his new book and ask what degrowth would mean for relations between the Global North and South.

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THE BLOCKADE AS A DOUBLE-EDGE SWORD — Roberto Regalado

4.....

The blockade, which has been in existence for the entire history of the Cuban Revolution, despite brief movements toward normalisation, is a product of both U.S. criminal aggression and the Cuban Revolution itself. For the United States, as much as for Cuba, it has always been a double-edged sword, reflecting not only Washington's continuing enmity to Cuba and the enormous harm inflicted on the latter, but also the U.S. failure to bring Cuba to its knees. Given continuing Cuban resistance, the termination of the blockade, as the analysis here shows, would only be a reflection of the ongoing decline and destabilisation of U.S. empire and the enduring strength of the Cuban Revolution, a dialectical process that now implicates the fate of the entire world.



The Blockade as a Double-Edged Sword

Roberto Regalado

ovvirbstanding an ongoing commitment to redouble its efforts. Cuban socialism has not taken full advantage of its own human and material resources to develop its productive forces. Cuba's achievements in research and scientific development must be justly lunded. I However, when it comes to agriculture, indusking, and other sectors of the ecrosmy, it is a different story, one that recalls a kitchen that functions with what we call "steep gas," and other sectors of the ecrosmy fits a different story, one that recalls a kitchen that functions with what we call "steep gas," whose were drawn off. The Cuban economy "turned off" suddenly when commercial relations, cooperation, and collaboration coased with the Science (COMECON) members. Similarly, much—Dut not all—of the economy "turned off" when relations were drastically cutalited with Verocacela and other members of the followarian Alliance for the Pooples of Our America, as well as with other Latin America outnities governed by left and progressive parties, due to the overthrow, defeat, or outrigit betrayal of eight of these ten governments and the tightening of the sleep eagainst the remaining it.



The questions, then, are: Will Cuba be extended solidarity and aid from other countries or g in equations, ment, are: virus usa are exempted solutarity and a lit from other countries or groups of countries, comparable to what no correctived from the Soviet block and Nevestuch This time, will cluds be capable of creating its own "biogas plant" to keep its stores burning independently or, at least, less dependently of foreign sources! In the event that the blocked is littled, would be a face-fielded to hink that the United States could become our new "principal suppliers" by virtue of the economic and trade relations that would develop, including mass tourism?

1 el Roberto Regalado, "El Triángulo de las Bermudas" por el que navega Cuba: Acumulación de problemas propios, doble filo del blo latinoamericana (II)." América Catina en Moximiento, April 15, 2021.

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4..... MÉSZÁROS AND CHÁVEZ: THE PHILOSOPHER AND THE LLANERO -

Chris Gilbert



Mészáros and Chávez: The Philosopher and the Llanero

Chris Gilbert

It is a strange and interesting story how the longstanding and ultimately two-way relationship between revolutionary Venezuelan pollician Hugo Chávez and Hungarian intellectual listón Mészáous carne to esta. It is a tale of elective affinities. On one side, we have a kid who grew up in the Venezuelan lanos in a hauschold too goor to buy talbeware. As a boy living with his grandmother, the young Hugo sold candy in the streets but swarted to play basteall, ingired by a namesake pitcher fel Jdigip Chávez on the toan Magallanes. He entered the armed farces hoping to become a poldense, but soon discovered that the army offered him a school for studying politics and history, along with a pulsar levisle good vantage point from which to observe the injustices and contradictions of Venezuelan society. On the other side of the story, we have Mészáros, a full generation offer than the former Venezuelan president. Mészáros grew up older than the former Venezuelan president. Mészáros grew up poor in Budapest, worked with Georg Lukács, emigrated to Italy following the 1956 uprising, then moved to England, where he spent most of the rest of his life.



What made Meszaros site so Isachaning, and relevant to issues of socialist construction, was that, howing seen both sides of the Cold When, he came to preceive bit "real socialism" and betwelfthe-entiry optabilism as to warrants of same system. He called this the capital system. The basic commonality among most countries of both the East and the West in the hewether century was the extraction of surplus laboration workers who did not control their own work processes. Living in England in the late 1960s and early '70s, Meszáros witnessed how the shared capital system enter

It is a strange and interesting story how the longstanding and ultimately two-way relationship between revolutionary Venezuelan politician Hugo Chávez and Hungarian intellectual István Mészáros came to exist. It is a tale of elective affinities. On one side, we have a kid who grew up in the Venezuelan llanos in a household too poor to buy tableware. As a boy living with his grandmother, the young Hugo

30/09/22 9 of 19 sold candy in the streets but wanted to play baseball, inspired by a namesake pitcher (el Látigo Chávez) on the team Magallanes. He entered the armed forces hoping to become a pelotero, but soon discovered that the army offered him a school for studying politics and history, along with a privileged vantage point from which to observe the injustices and contradictions of Venezuelan society.

On the other side of the story, we have Mészáros, a full generation older than the former Venezuelan president. Mészáros grew up poor in Budapest, worked with Georg Lukács, emigrated to Italy following the 1956 uprising, then moved to England, where he spent most of the rest of his life.

What made Mészáros's life so fascinating, and relevant to issues of socialist construction, was that, having seen both sides of the Cold War, he came to perceive both "real socialism" and twentieth-century capitalism as two variants of the same system. He called this the capital system. The basic commonality among most countries of both the East and the West in the twentieth century was the extraction of surplus labour from workers who did not control their own work processes. Living in England in the late 1960s and early '70s, Mészáros witnessed how the shared capital system entered a profound crisis.1 On the one hand, the countries of the West implemented neoliberal reforms inspired by the theories of Frances Hayek and Milton Friedman. These newly coined neoliberal policies allowed the West to kick the can down the street, riding out a crisis it could not definitively resolve. On the other hand, in the Eastern Bloc countries, the same structural crisis would be the preamble to the implosion of post-revolutionary systems that, because of their hybrid nature (they continued to extract surplus labour from workers but could not apply the same economic pressures as the strictly speaking capitalist system), found themselves unable to ride out the crisis with even the limited success of Ronald Reagan and Margaret Thatcher's governments.

This was still the age of "three worlds," and from the privileged position of living and working in two of them, Mészáros developed his key ideas. The most important of these was that capital was essentially a metabolic system, dependent on a vertical division of labour over which it has command. Faced with the system's crisis, what was needed was not less socialism but more! Self-managed production and the existence of substantive democracy at all levels of this alternative society were the key features of what Mészáros called the communal system. He saw it as the only viable, sustainable alternative to the capital system.

The affinities with Chávez's ideas and policies should be clear enough from this brief introduction alone. As is well-known, Chávez had a firm belief in substantive democracy as the centrepiece and mainspring of socialism; he wagered on community councils and other

forms of self-organisation to emancipate the Venezuelan people ("Only the people will liberate the people," Chávez said on numerous occasions); and he opted in the end for a communal system to build socialism (echoing Mészáros's claim that not a "less socialist" but "more socialist" socialism was needed in the twenty-first century). All these features make for a striking isomorphism between the two figures, despite their widely divergent backgrounds and upbringings. As it turned out, Chávez would mobilise his followers and significant resources on a hypothesis that was in great measure based on the Hungarian philosopher's approach to the socialist transition.

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FINDING FLOW: EXPLORING THE POTENTIAL FOR SUSTAINABLE FULFILMENT — Amy Asian and Tim **Jackson**



Finding Flow: exploring the potential for sustainable fulfilment

Amy Isham and Tim Jackson

abertalistic values and lifestyles have been associated with derimental effects on both personal and planearly health. Therefore, there is a pressing need to identify activities and lifestyles that both promote human well-being and proceed, excellenged a well-being. In this Pensonal View, we explore the dynamics of a psychological state known as flow, in which people are shown to experience high levels of well-being driving involvement in challenging activities that require some level of skill, and can often involve less materially intensive activities. By synthesising the results of a series of experience supplies respective of the process of



materially intensive activities. By symbolising the results of a series of operations campling, survey, and experimental studies, we identify optimal with the confirm that materialistic values tend to write the state are materialistic values tend to a survey of the compensation of the confirm that materialistic values tend to a survey of the compensation of the co

Materialistic values and lifestyles have been associated with detrimental effects on both personal and planetary health. Therefore, there is a pressing need to identify activities and lifestyles that both promote human wellbeing and protect ecological wellbeing. In this Personal View, we explore the dynamics of a psychological state known as flow, in which people are shown to experience high levels of wellbeing through involvement in challenging activities that require some level of skill, and can often involve less materially intensive activities.

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THE LONG HAITIAN REVOLUTION -

Pierre Labossiere and Margaret Prescod with Camila Valle



The Long Haitian Revolution

Pierre Labossiere, Margaret Prescod and Camila Valle

"When history is written as it ought to be written, it is the moderation and long patience of the masses at which men will wonder, not their ferocity."

- C. L. R. James, The Black Jacobins

"The Haitian movement, though the most pivotal to th abolition of slavery in the Americas, is the most neglect —we all owe a great debt to Haitians and must pay it."

-Margaret Prescod, introduction to Selma James's Our Time Is Now

On July 7, 2021, the illegitimate president of Hais lower Molitic, who had feel Hais since 2017, was assaisatised an attack on his home in the outsfirst of Put-au-Prince. Before his death, despise his term diclisidly ending on February 7, 2021, Molie was holding onto power, with support from death sequelands on the ground a swell as the feel before his death, despised so the ground a swell as the feel before administration (a continuation of the Donald Tump administration policy) and United Astions. For months, Halbars came out in large protess domaindings continued and continued and continue to deport Halbars at alamining



Ariel Henry was sworn in as the acting president of Halit on July 20, 2021, having been chosen as the next prin minister by Molies shortly before his assassination. The Core Group—made up of ambassadors from the United France, Canada, Caremay, Brazil, Spain, the European Union, and representatives from the United Nations and Organization of American States—have put out a statement throwing their support behind Henry.

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-Margaret Prescod, introduction to Selma James's Our Time Is Now

On July 7, 2021, the illegitimate president of Haiti Jovenel Moïse, who had led Haiti since 2017, was assassinated in an attack on his home in the outskirts of Port-au-Prince. Before his death, despite his term officially ending on February 7, 2021, Moïse was holding onto power, with support from death squads on the ground as well as the Joe Biden administration (a continuation of the DonaldTrump administration policy) and United Nations. For months, Haitians came out in large protests demanding Moïse step down. At the same time, the Biden administration continued and continues to deport Haitians at alarming rates.

Ariel Henry was sworn in as the acting president of Haiti on July 20, 2021, having been chosen as the next prime minister by Moïse shortly before his assassination. The Core Group —made up of ambassadors from the United States, France, Canada, Germany, Brazil, Spain, the European Union, and representatives from the United Nations and Organization of

US SEMPER NEWSLETTER

American States—have put out a statement throwing their support behind Henry.

Haitian authorities arrested the head of Moïse's security team as part of its probe into the assassination and issued an arrest warrant for Supreme Court Justice Windelle Coq Thélot. Colombian mercenaries have also been linked to the assassination, with the Pentagon confirming that four of the accused mercenaries had received U.S. military training at Fort Benning in Georgia. Formerly known as the School of the Americas (dubbed by critics the "School of the Assassins"), the Western Hemisphere Institute for Security Cooperation at Fort Benning has been used for decades to train Latin American soldiers in combat, counterinsurgency, and counternarcotics. Since then, the judge presiding over the investigation of the assassination guit because one of the court clerks was also found dead.

On August 14, 2021, a devastating 7.2 magnitude earthquake hit Haiti. At the time of writing, the death toll has risen to around 2,200, more than 12,000 people have been injured, and over 7,000 homes have been destroyed. Many hospitals have also been damaged, with ones still operating reporting overcapacity of patients and shortages of medical supplies. Two days after the quake, Tropical Storm Grace swept into Haiti, bringing heavy rain and winds.

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TAMING GAIA 2.0: EARTH SYSTEM LAW IN THE RUPTURED ANTHROPOCENE — Rakhyun E Kim

The Jus Semper Global Alliance



Taming Gaia 2.0: Earth System Law in the Ruptured Anthropocene

Rakhyun E Kim

If the Anthropocone is a rupture in planetary history, what does it mean for international environmental law? When the fact the young receives inversely large grains and begins a death fysion course inversely large grains and begins a death fysion course inversely large grains and begins a death fysion course inversely large grains and begins a death fysion course in the categor of protecting the global environment from humans under all contents and the entire the course involved to the declarative phenomenant has been an object for protection. Tagine that for international environmental have to stay relevant to the ruptured Anthropocone, it is not to be a stay to the planetary past, and instead play an active role in the making of planetary futures. In one purpose will once to establish planetary futures. In one purpose will once to be stative planetary stowardship, whereby humans add self-swareness for deliberate self-requisition of the Earth Systems. Such an attempt at "taming the so called Caia 2.0 will, however, create winners and taming the so called Caia 2.0 will, however, create winners and questions of justice on a planetary scale. Building on the concept of earth system law energing in the earth year governance.

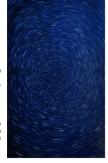


Photo by <u>Bed Moon</u> on <u>Linsplain</u>

If the Anthropocene is a rupture in planetary history, what does it mean for international environmental law? When the Earth System crosses irreversible tipping points and begins a forceful, nonlinear transformation into a hostile state which I call the ruptured Anthropocene, the concept of protecting the global environment from humans would lose its meaning. Not only the dichotomy between humans and nature becomes irrelevant, but the environment itself will no longer exist as an object for protection. I argue that, for international environmental law to stay relevant in the ruptured Anthropocene, it needs to shift away from its traditional focus on restoring the planetary past, and instead play an active role in the making of planetary futures. Its new purpose will need to be active planetary stewardship, whereby humans add self-awareness for deliberate self-regulation of the Earth System. Such an attempt at 'taming' the so-called Gaia 2.0 will, however, create winners and losers, and the new form of law will have to address fundamental questions of justice on a planetary scale. Building on the concept of earth system law emerging in the earth system governance literature, I draw the contours of international environmental law 2.0 for the ruptured Anthropocene and discuss the challenges of instituting active planetary

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stewardship.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN PANDEMIC OF RACIAL CAPITALISM — Madalitso Zililo Phiri

South Africa's COVID-19 pandemic is one of racial capitalism, entangled with histories of imperial state formation, settler colonialism, and a hierarchical global-neoliberal public policy architecture. Racial capitalism is defined as a hierarchical political economy constituted by war, militarism, imperialism, expropriation, and super-exploitation. The racialised neoliberal-policy approach has limited state social provisioning, emphasising the primacy of markets, cost recovery, and competitive priorities in the provision of public infrastructure and services, including health care.

COVID-19 blatantly exhibited the social inequalities in South African society that have always been predicated on anti-Black racism and genocide. The trajectory is clear: revolution not reform, third world internationalism, and the rejection of reliance on the global financial architecture, the very foundations of which seek to preserve the genetic survival of white life (and white capital) above all others across the world.



The South African Pandemic of Racial Capitalism

Madalitso Zililo Phiri

South Africa's COVID-19 responses could well be seen as paradoxical if efficial statistics were to be confirmed. As of September 2021, the country has recorded over 84,000 COVID-19 related fabulities with fears of a fourth parademic wave looming.) Joustoposed to be global Western epicentes of the pandemie, such as the United States, United Kingdom, and fally, this number seems disproportionately miniscucle. Per capita faatlities from COVID-19 are South Africa's COVID-19 pandemic is one. Africa than for all

South Africa's COVID-19 pandemic is one of racial capitalism, entangled with histories of imperial state formation, steel re-colonialism, and a hierarchical global-neolibral public policy architecture.

resistive of unique state (primatulor), settler colonialism, and a hierarchical algobal-neoliberal public probley architecture. However, viewed in the context of the African continent, in which South Africa engages in a colonial-informed discourse emphasising, the country's exceptionalism, what stands out is that the country has the highest number of COVID-19-related fatalities (and the highest number of the africant public problem of the highest number of the host polysical england that basass one of the most sophisticated health systems on the African continent also accounts for the highest number of COVID-19 deaths?



oro by Junius Hobinson on Ling

1 42 *Update on Covid-19 (Wednesday 08 September),* COVID-19 South African Online Portal, September 8, 202

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IS CHINA TRANSFORMING THE WORLD? — Tony Andreani et al



Is China Transforming the World?

Tony Andréani, Rémy Herrera and Zhiming Long

In the early years of the twenty-first century, China was seen by many Western capitalists as a "new El Doudo." Since in became more open to international Taske starting in the early 2000s especially and was admitted to the World Trade Organization in Descemble 2010, China was supposed to become a huge market accessible to investors from indestribled countries, where their multinational firms could sell a good part of their chonic overproduction. In addition, with it is enormous pool of labor, both highly educated and relatively inexpensive, it was to see its role confined to that of a "vest-dospo of the world", which allowed it, more than any other economy in the South, to supply the countries of the North with low-cost goods on a massive scale.

In most mainstream Western media, China is now presented as a threat, a conquering "empire," an "imperialist" power—even though the term imperialism is taboo when it is about the behaviour of global banking establishments, enterprises, or Western institutions. And this threat appears all the



The popular Lujazui area in Pudong of Shanghai highlights China's innovation and opening-up. Credit: Talat Shabbir, "CPC with XI at core is driving global transformation China Daily, March 29, 2021.

Western institutions. And this theset appears all the more serious as the legging "regime" is ready described as "dictatorial," or, in diplomatic terms, "authoritarian," Still to global beginning, the United States is worried about the Chinese rise in strength, and their successive administrations as building the analysis-provincing image of a clinic as eager to suppliant it and steal its leadering by the capitals will system. Moreover, this is also the case, to some extent, abett on a smaller scale, with the governing bodies of the Little Amport Devictor Hardle they have been tapped in their first tread dogma.

SGA/Essay/SD (E099) May 2022/Andreani et al

In the early years of the twenty-first century, China was seen by many Western capitalists as a "new El Dorado." In most mainstream Western media, China is now presented as a threat, a conquering "empire," an "imperialist" power—even though the term imperialism is taboo when it is about the behaviour of global banking establishments, enterprises, or Western

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institutions. And this threat appears all the more serious as the Beijing "regime" is readily described as "dictatorial," or, in diplomatic terms, "authoritarian." Still the global hegemon, the United States is worried about the Chinese rise in strength, and their successive administrations are building the anxietyprovoking image of a China eager to supplant it and steal its leadership of the capitalist world system. Moreover, this is also the case, to some extent, albeit on a smaller scale, with the governing bodies of the European Union that realise they have become trapped in their free trade dogma.

As a matter of fact, in commercial matters, China has indeed succeeded in crushing its main capitalist competitors on their own terms -free trade. In the North, we no longer count the headlines, editorials, and articles of the mainstream press, nor the comments, debates, and radio or television broadcasts of the big establishment channels devoted to covering the "Chinese peril," often in reference to purchases by China of various assets: land, equity investments in companies, debts, and so on—in addition to the strong presence of Chinesemade products or equipment in computer and telecommunications. Brussels, in the wake of Berlin, is alarmed by Chinese investments in the economies of Central and Eastern Europe, where everywhere one sees the hand of Beijing and its manoeuvres aimed at the division of the European Union. What could be more moving than to see Washington-after U.S. governments have subjected a good part of the Arab countries to fire and blood during the last decades, with the submissive complicity of the Europeans—worry so spontaneously about the fate of the Muslim populations of China, the Uighurs of Xinjiang in the lead? Behind it all is little serious analysis, a lot of ideological blindness, bad faith, fantasies, and a vast disinformation operation.

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CLIMATE ANXIETY IN CHILDREN AND YOUNG PEOPLE AND THEIR BELIEFS IN **GOVERNMENT RESPONSES TO CLIMATE** CHANGE — Caroline Hickman et al

4------

Climate change has important implications for the health and futures of children and young people, yet they have little power to limit its harm, making them vulnerable to climate anxiety. This is the first large-scale investigation of climate anxiety in children and young people globally and its relationship with perceived government response.



Climate Anxiety in Children and Young People and their Beliefs About Government Responses to Climate Change: a Global Survey

Caroline Hickman, Elizabeth Marks, Panu Pihkala, Susan Clayton, R Eric Lewandowski, Elouise E Mayall, Britt Wray, Catriona Mellor, Lise van

Summary - Background

limate change has important implications for the health and futures of children and young people, yet they have little power to limit its harm, making then vulnerable to climate anxiety. This is the first large-scale investigation of climate anxiety in children and young people globally and its relationship with perceived government resonous.

Methods
We surveyed 10 000 children and young people
laged 16-25 years) in ten countries (Australia).
Brazk, Finland, Trance, India, Nigreia, Philippines,
Portugal, in EV, Ian And the USA's 1000 participants
per country). Invitations to complete the survey
were servi via the placifion Kantia behevem May 18 and June 7, 2021. Data were collected on participants
feelings about climate change, and government responses to climate change. Descriptive statistics were car
excha aspect of climate anxiety, and Pessarios correlation analysis was done to evaluate whether climater
functioning, and negative beliefs about climate change were linked to thoughts and feelings about govern

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PLACING PEOPLE AT THE HEART OF **CLIMATE ACTION** — Patrick Devine et al

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Placing People at the Heart of Climate Action

Patrick Devine-Wright, Lorraine Whitmarsh, Birgitta Gatersleben, Saffron O'Neill, Sarah Hartley, Kate Burningham, Benjamin Sovacool, Stewart Barr, Jillian Anable

P rofound societal change along with

mprone people's quality of the and ensure turn.

The IPCC's new assessment report
makes it clear that profound societal
change will be needed alongside
continued technical improvements to
interprove people's quality of life and
ensure their/ing conomies and
ecosystems. For the first time, IPCC
Working Comp III has a chapter
dedicated to demand and social aspects.



conomies and ecosystems. Achieving the urgen examines and ecosystems. Ashlering the urgent in an and excess framines and ecosystems can be a considered problem of the recently published PCC report will require placing people. and necessary framines change cannot be a chriswed solely through schrological breakthroughs commoded. We must build not net storage science knowledges and develop a more one wisble, responsible science from the control of the con

Profound societal change along with continued technical improvements will be required to meet our climate goals, as well as to improve people's quality of life and ensure thriving economies and ecosystems. Achieving the urgent and necessary transformations laid out in the recently published IPCC report will require

placing people at the heart of climate action. Tackling climate change cannot be achieved solely through technological breakthroughs or new climate models. We must build on the strong social science knowledge base and develop a more visible, responsive and interdisciplinary-oriented social science that engages with people and is valued in its diversity by decision-makers from government, industry, civil society and law. Further, we need to design interventions that are both effective at reducing emissions and achieve wider societal goals such as wellbeing, equity, and fairness. Given that all climate solutions will involve people in one way or another, the social sciences have a vital role to play.

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4.....

TO SAVE THE PLANET FORGET ABOUT THE GLOBE — Christopher McAteer



To Save the Planet, Forget About the Globe

Christopher McAteer

A ground-breaking movement calls for the recognition of the inherent rights of nature and non-human species. This vision seeks to displace human beings from the central, privileged place they have hitherto occupied to act on the world and shape it in their interests. Rather, humans are one element tangled web of life, whose r

The Magnie River courses through rich horeal



The Magpie River courses through rich boreal forests, vast exercit gogge, and funderous waterfalls on its nearly 300-filloweries journey frough eastern Quibec. The immense waterway is a place of deep cultural significances and alluring advertisers. For the Indigenous Innu people of Essanishist, who know the Indigenous Innu people of Essanishist, who know the read waterfall water place in the Indigenous Innu people of Essanishist, who know the read waterfall water and their traditional territory that requires respect and stewardship. For tourist seeking its world-emowand white-water rapids, it is a place or excentement and adrenaline. But it is also a place or in the potential for deproducentic energy, he he river nears the end of its journey, it chum's through a 410-Magpward-generating station before finally reaching is mouth on the shores of the might's joint Lawrence Cacl communities has long been concerned that there may yet be further developments doing the Magpie's fluid, after a decade-long campaign, the Magpie's mouth may have gained a new faculty currous to rivers: the right to speak for healt.

In February 2021, the Innu Council of Ekuanishit and the local municipality of Miganie passed motions to grant the Magnie River legal personhood. The resolutions granted the Magnie nine legal rights including the right to flow, to be protected from pollution, and to maintain its integrity. But perhaps the most interesting right recognised is the right to

A ground-breaking movement calls for the recognition of the inherent rights of nature and non-human species. This vision seeks to displace human beings from the central, privileged place they have hitherto occupied to act on the world and shape it in their interests. Rather, humans are one element in a complex, tangled web of life, whose right to exist and thrive needs to be reconciled with those of the planet's other inhabitants.

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WRITING OUR WAY TO SUSTAINABLE **ECONOMIES? HOW ACADEMIC** SUSTAINABILITY WRITING ENGAGES WITH CAPITALISM — Simon Mair



Writing our way to sustainable economies? How academic sustainability writing engages with capitalism

Simon Mair

Abstract

ADSTACT

In this paper I explore the ways that academic sustainability writing engages with economic systems and consider the periorisms effects of these modes of engagement. Using capitalist remains and capitalise centrical mad capitalise centrical mad capitalise centrical mad capitalise centrical mad capitalise centrical made capitalism in where capitalism is precised states are foreclosed: 1) Actively Recreating Capitalism - where capitalism is precised as natural any provingrous with all economic forms. 3) Making a Monolitis of Capitalism, where anti-capitalist writers focus so much on capitalism that term used by academic sustainability writers when talking about economic systems, and looking at two different uses of the term capital "I argue that exademic sustainability writers when talking about economic systems, and looking at two different uses of the term capital" I argue that exademic sustainability writers when talking about economic systems in different ways. Currently, there is a substantive body of academic sustainability writers when talking about economic systems in different ways. Currently, there is a substantive body of academic sustainability writers when talking about economic systems in different ways. Currently, there is a substantive body of academic sustainability writers when the control of the part of the capitalism of the capital



In this paper I explore the ways that academic sustainability writing engages with economic systems and consider the performative effects of these modes of engagement. Using capitalist realism and capitalocentrism, I define three mechanisms by which non-capitalist futures are foreclosed: 1) Actively Recreating Capitalism where industries like advertising actively seek to recreate and reinforce capitalist values. 2) Capitalism Unseen - where capitalism is perceived as natural and synonymous with all economic forms. 3) Making a Monolith of Capitalism, where anti-capitalist writers focus so much on capitalism that they make it appear undefeatable. Examining the frequency of different terms used by academic sustainability writers when talking about economic systems, and looking at two different uses of the term 'capital' I argue that academic sustainability writers engage with and are influenced by these mechanisms in different ways. Currently, there is a substantive body of academic sustainability writing that contributes to Capitalism Unseen. However, there are also strands of work that emphasis discontinuity and change within economic systems. I argue that such work provides a model for escaping Capitalism Unseen and avoiding Making a Monolith of Capitalism.

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THE PRESENT AS HISTORY' AND THE THEORY OF MONOPOLY CAPITAL

John Bellamy Foster and Grzegorz Konat



'The Present as History' and the Theory of Monopoly Capital

...An interview...

John Bellamy Foster and Grzegorz Konat

Grzegorz Konat (GK): What are the most important qualities of the monopoly capital school? What distinguishes this tradition from other currents within Marxism?

John Bellamy Foster (JBF): The most im (John Bellamy Foster (JBF): The most important price of the monopoly capital radiation is that of the present a classification of the present a classification of the price of twentient century, with Rudon Hinterding's Finant-and V. I. Lenin's Imperialism, the Highest Stage of Capitalism. (In the United States the most importa was the socialist economist Thorstein Veblen's The Business Enterprise.) Lenin stated that "if it were n



Early theories of monopoly capitalism, though emphasising the concentration and centralisation of productior monopolistic pricing, and modern finance, did not adequately connect this to the theory of capital accumulat

he most important principle of the monopoly capital tradition is that of "the present as history" (a phrase first introduced by Paul M. Sweezy, forming the title of a 1953 collection of his essays). This means that the focus is on the historical specificity that separates the various modes, stages, and phases of production and accumulation, and the application of this to the understanding of the present. The idea of the monopoly stage of capitalism first arose in Marxian theory in the early twentieth century, with Rudolf Hilferding's Finance Capital and V. I. Lenin's Imperialism, the Highest Stage of Capitalism. (In the United States the most important work was the socialist economist Thorstein Veblen's Theory of Business Enterprise.) Lenin stated that "if it were necessary to give the briefest possible definition of imperialism, we should have to say that imperialism is the monopoly stage of

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t------RE-VISITING THE OWENITES -

CONTEMPORARY CULTURAL CO-OPS — **Kate Oakley**

capitalism."

Co-operatives as an alternative business model to solely commercial firms are a widely known concept, partly through UK supermarket experiences. But, as Kate Oakley summarises early findings from her recent project, there's much more to the practice of co-ops. Her interview study shows that the political, historical and ethical meanings attached to the idea of a co-op—and of working co-operatively

—is what motivates workers and keeps them going in the long term. Institutional support, however, to maintain a co-op structure against mainstream pressure is often inadequate.



Re-visiting the Owenites—contemporary cultural co-ops

Cooperatives is an attendance business mode in solvey Commercial tims are a visionly known concept, party through UK superative experiences. But, as Kate Oakley summarises easyly indings from her recent project, there's much more to the practice of co-ops. Her interview study shows that the political, historical under oldered meanings attached to the felox of a co-op— and of working co-operatively—is what morbidates and keeps them going in the long term. Institutional support, however, to maintain a co-op structure against a confidence of the con

Kate Oakley

n Dundee recently to carry out some research, I was struck by a small grey plaque affixed to a wall commemorating Fanny (Frances Wright, Wright, who later became a US citizen and is perhaps best known as an abolitionis and utopian thinker, is also described on the plaque and utopian thinker, is also described on the plaque as a 'Chartisl Letter' and crucially 'Deventier'. The unifamiliarity of these phrases—a contemporary plaque is perhaps more likely to say 'derimistir or 'Social reformer'—eniforced a theme that had frequently occurred to me over the past few months. As part of a praised funded by the A-HRC and Netta.' The been looking at co-ops in the cultural sectors in Scotland—interviewing artists and film-ma-



As part of a geographic price of the AHRC, and Nazal Nazal Price of the AHRC and Nazal Nazal Price price of the AHRC and Nazal Nazal Price price of the AHRC and Nazal Nazal Price price of the AHRC and Nazal Price price price of the AHRC and Nazal Price price

Morán

interview...

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"WE HAVE COLONISED THE FUTURE" — José Luis Fernández Casadevante / Nerea

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Roman Krznaric / Public Philosopher,



"We Have Colonised the Future"

Roman Krznaric / Public Philosopher, interview...

José Luis Fernández Casadevante 'Kois' / Nerea Morán

R oman Krznaric (Sydney, 1971) is a found in London and an advision on engality to organisation such as Oxfam and the United Nations, Krznaric is such as Oxfam and the United Nations, Krznaric is public philosopher who writes about the power of ideas to change society. His Latest book is The Cook Ancestor. How to Think Long-Ferm in Short-Ferm World (Captain Swing, 2022), After growing up in Proceedings and these force Krznares unfeit at this vivino (Captain Swing, 2022). After growing up in hometown and Hong Kong, Krzanic studied at I makestisties of Coorfu, Londro and Essex, where veceived his PhD in Political Sociology. He is the ounder of the world's first Museum of Empathy, is search fellow at the Long Now Foundation, and rember of the Club of Rome.



(ILF-NM) Your book begins with the obvious and disturbing paradox that we are living longer and longer, while at the same time, we are thinking more and more in the short term. Our ability to project ourselves into the long term, to reflect on the future, has been eroded over the last few decades. Why do you find this change worrying?

I think it is evident to most people that we live in a tyramy of the now, the domination of the present time. This start.

This short-termism is that we have colonised the fitture, that we break the fitture at a distant colonisal properly where we can freely placed cological designation and interest of the start which is the start of the sta

Roman Krznaric (Sydney, 1971) is a founding faculty member of The School of Life in London and an advisor on empathy to organisations such as Oxfam and the United Nations. Krznaric is a public philosopher who writes about the power of ideas to change society. His latest book is The Good Ancestor. How to Think Long-Term in a Short-Term World (Captain Swing, 2022). After growing up in his hometown and Hong Kong, Krznaric studied at the universities of Oxford, London and Essex, where he received his PhD in Political Sociology. He is the founder of the world's first Museum of Empathy, a research fellow at the Long Now Foundation, and a member of the Club of Rome.

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MÉSZÁROS AND CHÁVEZ: "THE POINT FROM WHICH TO MOVE THE WORLD

4.....

TODAY" — John Bellamy Foster



Mészáros and Chávez: "The Point From Which to Move the World Today"

John Bellamy Foster

stvdn Mcszáros was a global thinker strongly committed himself with those fighting for socialist transformation in the Philippines, Nicangas, Venezuela, Bargia, and desewhere, He argued that in the descending phase of capitalism there was a "downward qualisation of the state of optionization," by which he meant a race to the bottom in wages and working conditions, enterored by a global system of monegolistic competition." In 1976, he edited and introduced a book consisting of thinteen easys by the great religion intuition and political theorist Results Constantion, tritled Neo-Colinal Identity and Countees says by the great spikin of Lutural precionisations, in which Constantion developed the concept of countee-consciousness into a powerful philosophy or cultural Theorism." Meszáros took great interest as well in Brazilian development and stronges over the structure of the contribution to structure of the contribution of the structure of the contribution to structure of the contribution to structure of the contribution to structure of the contribution of the structure of the contribution to structure of the contribution to structure of the contribution of the structure of the contribution to structure of the contribution of the structure of the contribution of the c



záros interviewed by Elenora de Lucena, "Barbarism on the Horizon," MR Online. De

See Renato Constantino, Noo-Colonial februitay and Counter-Consciousness, ed. Istrian Mesazinos (London: Merlin Press, 19. See Renato Constantino, Noo-Colonial februitay and Counter-Consciousness, and Istrian Mesazinos (London: Merlin Press, 19. See Associated Control Consciousness), and Counter-Consciousness, and Counter-Consciousness, and Counter-Coun

István Mészáros was a global thinker strongly committed to anti-imperialist struggles. In this respect, he allied himself with those fighting for socialist transformation in the Philippines, Nicaragua, Venezuela, Brazil, and elsewhere. He argued that in the descending phase of capitalism there was a "downward equalisation of the rate of exploitation," by which he meant a race to the bottom in wages and working conditions, enforced by a global system of monopolistic competition. In 1978, he edited and introduced a book consisting of thirteen essays by the great Filipino historian and political theorist Renato Constantino, titled Neo-Colonial Identity and Counter-Consciousness: Essays in Cultural Decolonisation, in which Constantino developed the concept of counterconsciousness into a powerful philosophy of cultural liberation. Mészáros took great interest as well in Brazilian developments and struggles over the state, supporting various socialist movements there. But his most singular contribution to struggles in the Global South was the role he was to play in his strong strategic support of Venezuela's Bolivarian Revolution.

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FINANCIAL, SPECULATIVE AND PARASITIC CAPITAL — Alejandro **Teitelbaum**

It is a crime to rob a bank, but it is a greater crime to found one. - Berthold Brecht



Financial, Speculative and Parasitic Capital

It is a crime to rob a bank, but it is a greater crime to found one. - Berthold Brecht

Alejandro Teitelbaum

oncern to redress the injustice caused by the unequal distribution of wealth to the point of famine and misery, and to punish those responsible, has existed since antiquity, in 386 BC, wheat traders in Albers were quo trails for buying more gain from importers than they were allowed to hard, I yasias, peleding before the court, asked for their death penalty, saying: "When do they make the most profit! When the announcement of a catastrophe allows them to sell at a high price! They exize the wheat when it is most needed and refuse to sell it so that we will not discuss the price."



Concern to redress the injustice caused by the unequal distribution of wealth to the point of famine and misery, and to punish those responsible, has existed since antiquity. In 386 BC, wheat traders in Athens were put on trial for buying more grain from importers than they were allowed to hoard. Lysias, pleading before the court, asked for their death penalty, saying: "When do they make the most profit? When the announcement of a catastrophe allows them to sell at a high price? They seize the wheat when it is most needed and refuse to sell it so that we will not discuss the price."

People eat little and badly. "They are crazy to swallow this!" Christophe Brusset, an agri-food industrialist, denounces. From the diversion of raw materials to the manipulation of products via controversial hygiene controls, Christophe Brusset denounces the many evils of which he has been an accomplice or mastermind behind the scenes of the food industry for twenty years. Indian paprika stuffed with peppercorns, Chinese green tea treated with pesticides, fake Moroccan saffron, cheeses transformed into veal, fruit jam without fruit, oregano cut into olive leaves, and so on. Fraud with raw materials in the food industry is also part of this mafia system of financial, speculative and parasitic capital.

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LIGHTS AND SHADOWS OF THE IPCC — Juan Bordera - Ferran Puig Vilar

The latest UN climate report is brutal but falls short of the mark... "life on Earth can recover from major climate change... Humanity



Lights and Shadows of the IPCC

The latest UN climate report is brutal but falls short of the mark

Juan Bordera and Ferran Puig Vilar

here are glows and shadows in the latest of the world's most crucial climate repor in the world's most crucial climate report, the sixth report of the IPCC (Interpovermental Jacob on Climate Change). The east, from Group II, analyses impacts, adoptation and vulnerability and will go down in history a sheing farmed between the hospitally- end of a pandemic and the beginning of a regetable war hat, like all of them, should never have taken place.



In the 36 pages of the summary for politicians and the press—the part of the study that is undoubtedly and effectively under pressure from lobbies and governments'—we can find some pearls that invite us to think that some change is taking place within the

The 46 page of the summary suggest that some change is taking place with the scientific community on how to communicate the emergency. However the scientific community on the scientific community on the scientific community on communicating the emergency of communicating the emergency of the scientific community on the scientific community on communicating the emergency of the scientific community of the position of the conclusions of this part of the popul. This could have severed to generate exchement while separation that the scientific scientific community on the scientific scientific scientific scientific scientific scientific community on the publication of the conclusions of this part of the population of the scientific community on the publication of the conclusions of this part of the population of the scientific community on the publication of the conclusions of this part of the population of the conclusions of this part of the population of the conclusions of this part of the population of the conclusions of this part of the population of the conclusions of this part of the population of the conclusions of this part of the population of the conclusions of this part of the population of the conclusions of this part of the population of the conclusions of this part of the population of the conclusions of this part of the population of the conclusions of the part of the population of the conclusions of the part of the population of the conclusions of the part of the population of the conclusions of the part of the population of the conclusions of the part of the population of the conclusions of the part of the population of the population of the part of the population of the population of the part of the population of the conclusions of the part of the population of the conclusions of the part of the population of the part of

(SD (CREE) March 2022/A Turiel and J. Bossiero

here are glows and shadows in the latest part of the world's most crucial climate report, the sixth report of the IPCC (Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change). The text, from Group II, analyses impacts, adaptation and vulnerability and will go down in history as being framed between the - hopefully - end of a pandemic and the beginning of a regrettable war that, like all of them, should never have taken place.

The 36 pages of the summary suggest that some change is taking place within the scientific community on communicating the emergency. At last, the IPCC is intertwining the other major ecological crisis, the loss of life and biodiversity, with the climate problem.

Our culture would have to change radically to take on a model that would seek a comforting simplicity in addition to seeking cooperation. The good living, but with less material wealth.

Is this still possible? No one knows. What is clear is that it is inevitable that we will end up forcibly moving towards this type of scenario of less energy wealth. We should be preparing ourselves. Because "life on Earth can recover from major climate change... Humanity cannot."

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ON HOW 'LOBBIES' WATER DOWN THE WORLD'S MOST IMPORTANT CLIMATE REPORT. — Juan Bordera et al

The latest complete IPCC mentions the word 'degrowth' 28 times, but mentions it zero times in the summary for policy makers



On How 'Lobbies' Water Down the World's Most Important Climate Report

The latest complete IPCC mentions the word 'degrowth' 28 times, but mentions it zero times in the summary for policy makers.

J. Bordera, A. Turiel, F. Valladares, M. García Pallarés, J. de la Casa, F. Prieto, F. Puig Vilar

The dossler of shame. This report is a Illamy and deep cuts in greenhouse gas emission across all sectors, it will be impossible to add the climate disaster we are rapidly facing. Climate activists are sometimes portrayed as dangeous calcials are the countries that are increasing loss illael production. These statements which could belong to any social movement spokesperon - are just some of the strongest statements that UN Secretary-General Antibrio Catterns has made in the wake of the official release of the latest part of the world's most crucial crimate report, that of the intergovernmental Planel on Climate Change (IPCC).



The dossier of shame. This report is a litany of broken climate promises. Without rapid and deep cuts in greenhouse gas emissions across all sectors, it will be impossible to avoid the climate disaster we are rapidly facing. Climate activists are sometimes portrayed as dangerous radicals, but the truly dangerous radicals are the countries that are increasing fossil fuel production. These statements - which could belong to any social movement spokesperson are just some of the strongest statements that UN Secretary-General António Guterres has made in the wake of the official release of the latest part of the world's most crucial climate report, that of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC).

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BUILDING THE VISION OF A GOOD LIFE - POST GROWTH LIVING - Jordan Fox-Besek



Building the Vision of the Good Life

[Kate Soper, Post-Growth Living: For an Alternative Hedonism]

Jordan Fox Besek

he crux of Kate Soper's Post-Crowth Living is simple: we need to redefine "the good life." We need to move away from a culture that equates the good life with endless consumption and toward one that equates it with experiences that are not defined by the market. Not only is this transition ecologically





necessary, but it will also lead to fairer, and far more pleasurable, experiences, such as Soper's desired "alternative hedonism". I am confident that this singular plea is both fecund and ner not sure exactly what "alternative hedonism" actually is.

For decades, Soper has written elegantly and persuasively on feminism, continental philosophy, environmental ethics, and other topics, never ceding to a position without first interrogating it for herself. In what is likely her most well-know work, What is Nature Cullum, Politics, and the Non-Human, Sope genuinely absorbs arguments from what she terms 'rattare-endorsing' paproaches, byteal of anhature' and "nature" and "nature strengths with own kneet their first roads of "nature" and "nature strengths" approaches, they active the construction of "nature" and "nature strengths" approaches, the processor of the strengths of the strengths and the strengths of the strengths and the strengths and the strengths and humanist, and, most importantly, immensely useful.

he crux of Kate Soper's "Post-Growth Living" is simple: we need to redefine "the good life." We need to move away from a culture that equates the good life with endless consumption and toward one that equates it with experiences that are not defined by the market. Not only is this transition ecologically necessary, but it will also lead to fairer, and far more pleasurable, experiences, such as Soper's desired "alternative hedonism." I am confident that this singular plea is both fecund and needed, even if, after reading, I am still not sure exactly what "alternative hedonism" actually is.

"Post-Growth Living" is a book that expects its readership to be quite comfortable with the fact that we share much more with other beings than previously thought, that we should move far away from nonhuman relations built on cold calculations, and that there is a relationality of all beings. Yet it is also a book that expects its readership to recognise that relationality between things does not imply that they are one in the same. On these grounds, Soper has no truck with post-humanism. She contends that the attempt of practitioners of post-humanism to "collapse...what they see as misguided or arrogantly humanist distinctions between ourselves and other animals" should be "resisted as unhelpful to the environmental argument." This is because, she argues, nonhumans are not absolutely inseparable from us, nor do they have powers and forms of agency that uniquely define the human. To pretend we can fully absorb them into our worlds is then to deny the specificity of their own worlds. Her next critique is a bit more

robust. The responsibility for ecological crises is profoundly human. Against post-humanist impulses, then, addressing ecological crises necessitates focusing on the ways we, as humans, live.

So, what does this alternative mode of human living look like? It begins with a rejection of the type of consumption on which current ideals of the good life are built, which problematically are today lodestars in the Global South as much as in the Global North. The majority of the world aspires to consume more more cars, more fashion, more electronics, more everything—and these prima facie unsustainable aspirations are rooted in the everyday life of most of humanity, across class lines, dialectically wedding consumption to processes of production. To reify them as simply the "choices" or "desires" imposed by an allpowerful capital is to reproduce the idea that people exist only as workers or as capitalist consumers, and this is the idea that Soper is begging us to escape.

After this theoretical positioning, the bulk of the book works toward developing a vision of this alternative hedonism. The day-to-day aspects of her vision are not particularly radical, but this is likely the point. Soper's alternative world is not a profound change from our own, it is simply one in which we develop ways to better reflect on and incorporate the environmental consequences of our consumption, and, in doing so, consume far less.

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HERE — Juan Bordera et al

THE TIME FOR CIVIL DISOBEDIENCE IS

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The Jus Semper Global Alliance

The Time for Civil Disobedience is Here

The struggles against the eco-social crisis are multiplying in Europe as we approach the point of no return. A few weeks ago, temperatures were recorded at 30 degrees above average in the Arctic and 40 degrees in the Antarctic

Juan Bordera, Agnès Delage and Fernando Valladares

n his letter "The last speech I give before I become a criminal") one of the best living Danish writers, Carsten Jensen, has given us a powerful text. An enumeration will gain even more power and resonance over the years as the echo of ur presumed siltence reverberates irmediably in our ears. Here are a few pearls from the speech:

"If you think your children will have a life like your



"If you think humans can't live like rats, you're wrong

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Carsten Jensen: The last speech I gave before I became a criminal — Ex

The struggles against the eco-social crisis are multiplying in Europe as we approach the point of no return. A few weeks ago, temperatures were recorded at 30 degrees above average in the Arctic and 40 degrees in the Antarctic.

In his letter "The last speech I give before I become a criminal", one of the best living Danish writers, Carsten Jensen, has given us a powerful text. An enumeration will gain even more power and resonance over the years as the echo of our presumed silences reverberates irremediably in our ears. Here are a few pearls from the speech:

"If you think you can live as you've always lived, you're wrong.

"If you think your children will have a life like yours, you're wrong".

"If you think the disappearance of insects won't turn empires into rubble, you're wrong.

"If you think humans can't live like rats, you're wrong.

"If you think the planet's patience is infinite because it has endured the presence of your species for a few hundred thousand years, you're wrong.

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TIMES OF INSURRECTION — Gustavo Duch



Times of Insurrection

Gustavo Duch



wail agree with me that the cumate criss that the piane's suffering and the curiers' awaretices ces all large companies to show a stronger commitment to evivionmental values. Therefore, one sustainable and organic product lines, focused a large part of our advertising on the sus (financed campaigns for properly recycling packaging, but these are insufficient measures. I gree that 100% of the milk we collect from our suppliers' farms and 100% of the products

And as the chairman said these last words with a half-smile on his face, most thought it was all a rhetorical, even mocking exercise, typical of someone who knows he is in charge of a company of such size and power. "Now he will announce a further step in our growth by entering the meat sector," whispered the vicepresident to the colleague sitting to his right. Rising to his feet, the president announced:

"Let the record show: One. From an ecological and social justice point of view, the only measure that can be taken in the context of a multinational like ours is its total closure. I rule the legal liquidation of our company. Two. After many years of presiding over this multinational, I apologise for having consciously ignored all the damage done to planet Earth, its inhabitants and those yet to come."

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FOR AN ECOSOCIALIST DEGROWTH — Michael Löwy et al



For an Ecosocialist Degrowth

Michael Löwy, Bengi Akbulut, Sabrina Fernandes and Giorgos Kallis

egrowth and ecosocialism are two of the most important movements—and proposals —on the nadical side of the ecological spectrum. Sure, not everyone in the degrowth community identifies as a socialist, and not everyone who is an ecosocialist is cominced by the desirability of degrowth. But one can see an increasing tendency of the distribution of the degrowth convergence, Let us by to map the large areas of agreement between us, and list some of the main arguments for an ecosocialist degrowth:

Capitalism cannot notis without growth. It needs a permanent expansion of production and consumption, accumulation of capital, maximisation of profit. This process of unlimited growth, based on the exploitation of fosal facels since the eighteent century, is leading to ecological catastrophe, climate change, and thereties the extinction of life on the planet. The twenty-six UN Climate Change Conferences of the last thirty years annalest the total unwillingness of the ruling eilles to stop the course toward the abyes.



tive to this perverse and destructive dynamic needs to be radical—that is, must deal with the roots of Any our alternative to its prevente and destructive dynamic, needs to be future—and its, must deal with the repolem; the capitalist system, its exploitative and extractives dynamic, and its blind and obsessive pursuit growth. Ecosocialist degrowth is one such alternative, in direct confrontation with capitalism and growth. Ecosocialist degrowth requires the social appropriation of the main means of (re)production and a democratic,

Degrowth and ecosocialism are two of the most important movements-and proposalson the radical side of the ecological spectrum. Sure, not everyone in the degrowth community identifies as a socialist, and not everyone who is an ecosocialist is convinced by the desirability of degrowth. But one can see an increasing tendency of mutual respect and convergence. This is a map of the large areas of agreement between us, listing some of the main arguments for an ecosocialist degrowth.

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UNIVERSAL DECLARATION OF THE RIGHTS OF CORPORATE POWER — Juan

Hernández Zubizarreta / Pedro Ramiro

To be serious about human rights implies radicalising democracy, building collective socio-economic projects, strengthening processes of social self-organisation from the grassroots and reconfiguring new spaces of counter-power at the local and global level.



Universal Declaration of the Rights of Corporate Power

To be serious about human rights implies radicalising democracy, building collective socio-economic projects, strengthening processes of social self-organisation from the grassroots and reconfiguring new spaces of counter-power at the local and global level

Juan Hernández Zubizarreta / Pedro Ramiro

legal security of contracts must be guaranteed. Still, the Spanish government has announced the seizure of a yearth from a Russian oligarch, and the Cerman government has announced the seriory of a yearth from a Russian oligarch, and the Cerman government has announced the exporpation of the Cazprom subsidiary. It has been said for two months that the energy market must be intervened. It took only a few hours to change the budget to be judge Reposi in Spain for the ecological disaster caused by its oil spain for the ecological disaster caused by its oil spain for the var. It is impossible to used the Argentinean state in international courts when its subsidiary in the country was able to sue the Argentinean state in international courts when its subsidiary in the country was nationalized a decade ago.



Limits cannot be placed on private property and wealth accumulation because the legal security of contracts must be guaranteed. Still, the Spanish government has announced the seizure of a yacht from a Russian oligarch, and the German government has announced the expropriation of the Gazprom subsidiary. It has been said for two months that the energy market must be intervened. It took only a few hours to change the budget to be able to send arms for the war. It is impossible to judge Repsol in Spain for the ecological disaster caused by its oil spill in Peru. Still, the company was able to sue the Argentinean state in international courts when its subsidiary in the country was nationalised a decade ago.

The manager of the textile workshop in Tangiers, where 28 women workers died a year ago, has been convicted by a Moroccan court. However, the sentence makes no mention of Inditex or Mango, the companies for which the garments were made. Ukraine has every right to defend its national sovereignty against the invasion of Russian troops. In contrast, Western Sahara has to become a province of Morocco because it is the only realistic solution. Large property owners obtain golden visas unchecked and cheaply on the official market, while millions of people are subjected to migration bureaucracies and trapped in hellish legal limbo.

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At the institutional level, the debates focus on the discussion of laws and norms. But in this legal dispute, all that is at stake is a question of political will; in classical terms, of power relations. Normative asymmetry, not in vain, has been the basis of neoliberal globalisation: in the face of the strength of the legal armour built to shield the "rights" of large corporations, the extreme fragility of the mechanisms for controlling their obligations. In other words, while transnational private business is continually re-regulated, the deregulation of the protection of fundamental rights continues to advance.

None of this would have been possible without the formation of a great public-private alliance between central states and transnational corporations. And the collapse of global capitalism alone will not change this state of affairs. On the contrary, the flight forward in search of lost profitability will only deepen the logic of expulsion, dispossession, violence, confinement and necropolitics. With all its cataract of global pacts and agreements in defence of human rights, international law has become a meaningless piece of paper in the face of the war unleashed by the major economic powers to try to secure their share of the spoils in the midst of the perfect storm.

Download the full document here! **4**.....

THE PACIFIC AND THUCYDIDES IN THE 'AGE OF ENERGY DESCENT' **Bordera and Antonio Turiel**

The big blocs are taking positions to maintain their hegemony in a world with fewer resources and in which the rules of the game will be different.



The Pacific and Thucydides in the 'Age of Energy Descent'

The big blocs are taking positions to maintain their hegemony in a world with fewer resources and in which the rules of the game will be different

Juan Bordera – Antonio Turiel





worse and to Americans than the Indo-Pacific*. China has recordly concluded a defence and security agreement with the Solomon Islands, an insignificant deal, but one that has made both The United States and the Australians nervous.

→Indo-Pacific Strategy of the United States, February 2022

Although the Russian invasion of Ukraine seems to place the centre of the theatre of operations in Eastern Europe, something is happening a little further away from the spotlight, as if behind the scenes. Something vital. The shift of the world's centre of power from the Atlantic Ocean to the Pacific. A shift that will paradoxically coincide with an increase in the potential for a large-scale military - even nuclear - conflict in an era marked by energy decline. All is well and good. Download the full document here!

CROCODILE THAT FALLS ASLEEP IS TURNED INTO A WALLET — Gilberto

•-----

Hernández Ortiz

"The current crisis we are experiencing is not only economic; it is also social, systemic and planetary and is on the verge of becoming a catastrophe"



Crocodile that Falls Asleep is Turned into a Wallet

The current crisis we are experiencing is not only economic; it is also social, systemic and planetary and is on the verge of becoming a catastrophe

Gilberto Hernández Ortíz

And we will not be able to overcome it usin dominate the world want to continue to ac in the same way and that our peoples remain indifferent to this situation as if nothing serious was happening. This civilisation is on the verge of collapse, and yet:

Billionaires occupy the altars, enjoy privileges in all governments, pay fewer taxes than small entrepreneurs and get richer and richer. Financial, sepeculative and parsitic capilot latter porductive capilal. Its havens, tax evasion, corruption, drug trailficing, organised crime and money laundering have penetrated all areas of the ruling class, increasing economic and social inequality among the population and unbalancing food production and distribution.



And we cannot overcome it using the same procedures that caused it! It is stupid that those who dominate the world want to continue to act in the same way and that our peoples remain indifferent to this situation as if nothing serious was happening. This civilisation is on the verge of collapse, and yet: Billionaires occupy the altars, enjoy privileges in all governments, pay fewer taxes than small entrepreneurs and get richer and richer. Financial, speculative and parasitic capital outstrips productive capital. Tax havens, tax evasion, corruption, drug trafficking, organised crime and money laundering have penetrated all ruling class sectors, increasing economic and social inequalities among the population and unbalancing food production and distribution.

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THE END OF ABUNDANCE — Antonio Turiel and Juan Bordera

We have to decrease, but we must do it for real, distributing and delivering social justice



The End of Abundance

We have to decrease, but we must do it for real, distributing and delivering social justice

ne day you have it all, and suddenly everything changes. In Europe, the feeling of a change of rea. What system's yearned ridiculously today is obvious. What was impossible yesterday is now the natural things to do. There is take of rationing disguisted as "austerity measures". Strategic companies are nationalized - in many cases to socialise losses. People are beginning to say at the highest leviels that this winter will the very hard. And the suddenly, in the middle of the Council of Ministers.



he end of abundance. Nothing less. The background to such declarations is gigantic, and the reasons for them.

What will millions of workers who live on the horrecessities of life thinks of Macron's worker. Where we worker who leve on the bar necessities of life which of Macron's worker who leve on the bar necessities of life worker who leve on the she necessities of life worker who leve on the she necessities of life worker who leve on the she necessities of life worker who leve on the she necessities of life.

For most of the working class in Western countries, real income has been shouldly declining since the 1980s. The histor of the Compoun middle class in the last decades of neotiberallism and financial deregulation has been one of progressis paperpristion. One in which most of us have lost purchasing prover to austim the obscene profits of the few, And now we are told that abundance is over.

One day you have it all, and suddenly everything changes. In Europe, the feeling is of a change of era. What yesterday seemed ridiculous today is obvious. What was impossible yesterday is now the natural thing to do. There is talk of rationing disguised as "austerity measures". Strategic companies are nationalised - in many cases to socialise losses. People are beginning to say at the highest levels that this winter will be very hard. And suddenly, in the middle of the Council of Ministers, the French president, Emmanuel Macron, puts words to this pivotal moment and, with a gesture of compunction, declares "the end of abundance".

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UKRAINE: THE CRIME OF WAR -Alejandro Teitelbaum

4......

The ground and air attack on Ukraine is an international crime. Putin's claim to justify the aggression with the aim of "denazifying" Ukraine is unacceptable. Putin's use of this argument does not erase the fact that this problem exists in Ukraine, as various publications and international organisations such as Amnesty International have denounced: The Ukrainian authorities have not taken effective measures to prevent and punish acts of violence committed by "extreme right-wing" groups, which have become increasingly frequent since 2015. Victims of such violence and threats, including women, LGBTI rights activists, left-wing activists, Roma families and other individuals and groups targeted by

30/09/22

members of "far-right" groups, remain vulnerable to attacks, intimidation and harassment.



Ukraine: The Crime of War

Aleiandro Teitelbaum

he ground and air attack on Ukraine is an international crime. The judgement of the Nuremberg Tribunal of 30 September 1946 reads: "Unleashing a war of aggression is not only an international crime: it is the suppress international crime and tillies from other war crimes only in that it contains all of them! This is so because it involves loss of life, destruction, mass coolus, faming, and other hardships. Patrior scalar to justify the aggression with the aim of "denazifying" Ukraine is unacceptable.

Dufin's use of this argument does not crase the fact that this problem exists: Ukraine, as various publications and international organisations such as Annealy international have denounced: The Ukrainian authorities have not taken effective measures to prevent and punish acts of violence committed by "extreme right-wing" groups, which have become increasingly frequent increasing the properties of the properties of the properties of properties of the properties of the properties of groups targeted by members of 'fair-jirdy' groups, remain vulnerable to attacks, intimidation and harassment.'



The G7 countries sent a letter through their ambassadors to the Ulrainian nexcutives to express their concern: "The G7 is concerned about externist conditional movements." Unknine, where volved actions are deeply disturbing, "They asserted that the attempt to usurp the role of the police", "intimidate citizens", and seek to "tamish the reputation of if

→ Ammesty International: Ultraine: La passivité des autorités encourage l'intensification des violences de l'extrême droite.
→ France 24: La sombra de la extrema derecha se cierne sobre las elecciones presidenciales en Ucrania, 31 marzo 2019.

There can be no doubt that this dramatic situation, which primarily affects all the peoples of Europe, has as its backdrop the geopolitical and trade war between the United States, China and Russia as its main protagonists. It would be preferable for the peoples of Western Europe if, in place of NATO, an instrument at the service of US strategy, the states of the European continent, from the Atlantic to the Urals, were to find a path of peaceful coexistence and global security in the context of which mutually beneficial technological and commercial exchanges could be intensified.

But this is a long road to travel, which requires that the peoples first disengage themselves from the European governments on their knees before the USA. This subjugation is partly explained by the subordination of these governments to the sector of transnational industrial and financial capital hegemonised by the United States...

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"GROWTH IS GOING TO STOP, FOR ONE REASON OR ANOTHER" — Juan

Bordera and Ferran Puig Vilar

Dennis Meadows - Author of "The Limits to Growth".... interview....



"Growth is Going to Stop, for One Reason or Another

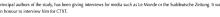
Dennis Meadows - Author of "The Limits to Growth" interview ...

Juan Bordera - Ferran Puig Vilar

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Border massacres. Sethacks in women's rights at the-supposed—the peak of the Empire, taking us back 50 years... Just 50 years... Dos all this have any connection! Actually, yes.





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It is 50 years since the publication of one of the most important works of the 20th century, The Limits to Growth. That report was commissioned by MIT (Massachusetts Institute of Technology), which, as early as 1972, warned that the planet had limits and little time to face the shock against them. That is why Dennis Meadows (USA, 1942), one of the two principal authors of the study, has been giving interviews for media such as Le Monde or the Suddeutsche Zeitung. It was an honour to interview him for CTXT.

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REVISITING MARX ON RACE, CAPITALISM AND REVOLUTION — Kevin

B. Anderson

Did Karl Marx have a theory of race and capitalism? Not exactly, but he theorised on these issues over four decades and much of what he wrote still speaks to us today. At a time of global and U.S. struggles for liberation in the face of a deeply radicalised fascist threat, these writings are worth revisiting.



Revisiting Marx on Race, Capitalism, and Revolution

Kevin B. Anderson

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Marx's most important writings on race center on slavery, capitalism, and the U.S. Civil War of 1861–65. While some of these are widely known, like several key passages in the first volume of Capital, a number of his most important reflections can be found in his letters or the documents of the First International. Comprehensive compilations of his writings on the Civil War have appeared in several different collections over the years, starting with one published in 1931 cand the has auplison of the U.S. Com (Richard Ermalle, a transparen pseudonym evoling fre the progressive forces of the sallow "week has week-the progressive forces of the sallow" were the mercial control of the control



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thought



Mexico City policeman chains himself to the main doors of the City Assembly in protest because his salary does not make a living wage (19 December 2006).

A living wage is, universally, the most important element in the achievement of everyone's right to a dignified life and the eradication of poverty. Relative to the social responsibility of business, a corporation or organisational entity employing people, regardless of size or trade, public or private, cannot be considered to behave in a socially responsible manner if it does not pay a living wage, regardless of how responsibly it behaves in all other areas of activity.

Just as the International Labour Organisation's Decent Work Agenda states, the decent work concept has led to an international consensus that productive employment and decent work are key elements to achieving poverty reduction. Yet, everything remains in the realm of rhetoric and hypocrisy, and the system, imbued in the most perverse human instincts, remains.

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